Stock Code:2332

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D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Financial Statements

With Independent Auditors' Review Report For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

The independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

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Independent Auditors' Review Report

To the Board of Directors **D-LINK CORPORATION:**

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, as well as the changes in equity and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of 34, "Interim Financial Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

Except as explained in the Basis for Qualified Conclusion paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standard 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of the consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As stated in Note 4(c), the consolidated financial statements included the financial statements of certain nonsignificant subsidiaries, which were not reviewed by independent auditors. These financial statements reflect total assets amounting to \$4,964,505 thousand and \$4,007,559 thousand, constituting 32% and 26% of consolidated total assets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, total liabilities amounting to \$1,194,420 thousand and \$937,993 thousand, constituting 20% and 16% of consolidated total liabilities as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and total comprehensive income (loss) amounting to \$490,848 thousand, \$(52,504) thousand, \$536,206 thousand and \$(16,290) thousand, constituting 101%, 15%, 138% and 5% of consolidated total comprehensive income (loss) for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.



Qualified Conclusion

Except for the adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries described in the Basis for Qualified Conclusion paragraph above been reviewed by independent auditors, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of D-LINK CORPORATION and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, as well as its consolidated cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

The engagement partners on the reviews resulting in this independent auditors' review report are Hsieh, Chiu-Hua and Chou, Pao-Lian.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) August 12, 2022

Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards as of June 30, 2022 and 2021

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Balance Sheets

June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

			June 30, 2022 I		December 31, 2	2021	June 30, 202		
	Assets		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
	Current assets:								
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a))	\$	2,548,344	17	2,195,080	16	4,324,571	28	
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss								
	– current (note 6(b))		237,463	2	279,344	2	178,694	1	
1150	Notes receivable, net (note 6(c))		4,875	-	5,283	-	2,451	-	
1170	Accounts receivable, net (note 6(c))		3,413,996	22	3,414,780	24	2,943,095	19	1
1180	Accounts receivable due from related parties, net (notes 6(c) and 7)		4,659	-	10,187	-	103	-	-
1197	Finance lease payment receivable (note 6(d))		28,671	-	25,565	-	25,330	-	
1200	Other receivables (notes $6(c)$ and 7)		289,603	2	274,322	2	70,869	_	
1220	Current tax assets		19,427	-	13,066	-	28,092	_	
130X	Inventories (note 6(e))		3,881,818	25	3,348,193	23	3,179,512	21	
1421	Prepayment for purchase (note 7)		183,516	1	173,656	1	156,918	1	
1470	Other current assets (note 8)		420,361	3	370,457	2	423,447	3	
		_	11,032,733	72	10,109,933	70	11,333,082	73	
	Non-current assets:	-							,
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other								
	comprehensive income-non-current (note 6(b))		18,733	-	33,300	-	101,392	1	
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method (note	э							
	6(f))		1,385,150	9	1,407,915	10	1,124,097	7	
1600	Property, plant and equipment (note 6(h))		1,027,441	7	974,725	7	997,816	7	
1755	Right-of-use assets (note 6(i))		241,988	2	278,175	2	337,081	2	
1760	Investment property, net (note 6(j))		38,678	-	38,876	-	39,074	-	
1780	Intangible assets (note 6(k))		497,485	3	472,238	3	485,133	3	
1840	Deferred tax assets (note 6(s))		733,877	5	869,956	6	781,198	5	
1990	Other non-current assets (note 8)		202,899	1	188,432	1	143,485	1	
194D	Long-term lease payment receivable, net (note 6(d))		125,055	1	130,314	1	144,128	1	
		_	4,271,306	28	4,393,931	30	4,153,404	27	
	Total assets	\$_	15,304,039	100	14,503,864	100	15,486,486	100	

			June 30, 2022		December 31, 2	021	1 June 30, 2021	
	Liabilities and Equity		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current liabilities:							
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or							
	loss - current (note 6(b))	\$	7,255	-	16,368	-	13,734	-
2130	Current contract liabilities (notes 6(v) and 7)		209,660	1	134,833	1	130,211	1
2150	Notes payable		173	-	11	-	472	-
2170	Accounts payable		2,230,040	15	2,336,740	16	2,617,864	17
2180	Accounts payable to related parties (note 7)		647,666	4	287,886	2	176,980	1
2200	Other payables (notes 6(m) and 7)		1,169,316	8	907,850	6	1,253,313	8
2230	Current tax liabilities		7,726	-	22,119	-	32,783	-
2250	Current provisions (note 6(0))		317,231	2	233,799	2	250,951	2
2280	Current lease liabilities (note 6(n))		126,052	1	142,551	1	155,745	1
2365	Current refund liability (note 6(p))		420,012	3	456,699	3	464,935	3
2399	Other current liabilities	_	38,880	-	51,065	-	59,517	-
		_	5,174,011	34	4,589,921	31	5,156,505	33
	Non-Current liabilities:							
2570	Deferred tax liabilities (note 6(s))		384,353	2	352,837	3	322,307	2
2580	Non-current lease liabilities (note 6(n))		275,209	2	297,900	2	355,903	2
2600	Other non-current liabilities (note 6(r))		260,521	2	260,870	2	216,469	2
			920,083	6	911,607	7	894,679	6
	Total liabilities		6,094,094	40	5,501,528	38	6,051,184	39
	Equity attributable to owners of parent: (note 6(t))							
3110	Ordinary shares		5,998,365	39	5,998,365	41	6,519,961	42
3200	Capital surplus		1,342,623	9	1,522,573	10	1,522,573	10
	Retained earnings:							
3310	Legal reserve		2,129,290	14	2,110,026	15	2,053,379	14
3320	Special reserve		693,165	4	412,952	3	205,562	1
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings (Accumulated							
	losses)		(176,528)	(1)	299,477	2	353,229	2
			2,645,927	17	2,822,455	20	2,612,170	17
3400	Other equity interest	_	(1,363,721)	(9)	(1,866,035)	<u>(13</u>)	(1,717,091)	<u>(11</u>)
	Total equity attributable to owners of parent:		8,623,194	56	8,477,358	58	8,937,613	58
36XX	Non-controlling interests (notes 6(g) and (t))	_	586,751	4	524,978	4	497,689	3
	Total equity	_	9,209,945	60	9,002,336	62	9,435,302	61
	Total liabilities and equity	\$	15,304,039	100	14,503,864	100	15,486,486	100

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar, Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

Image: sec: sec: sec: sec: sec: sec: sec: se			June 3		ree months ended June 30		For the six mo June 3			
4600 Net operating revenues (notes 6(c), (r) and 7) 5 4.157,00 100 $\overline{3.268,933}$ 100 $\overline{8.171,800}$ 100 $\overline{7.266,81}$ 100 5000 Operating costnotes 6(c), (h), (h), (h), (h), (h), (h), (h), (h			2022		2021		2022		2021	
5000 Operating cost costs (c), (r) and (r) (r) (r) (r) (r) (r) (r) (r) (r) (r) (r)			Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Gross profit from aperations 1226.442 39 945.392 24 2.034.689 25 2.17.7.64 39 6100 Seling expanses 100.10, (1), (1), (1), (1), (1), (1), (1), (1)	4000	Net operating revenues (notes 6(v) and 7)	\$ 4,157,001	100	3,368,935	100	8,171,800	100	7,266,581	100
Operating expense: (nots 6(c), (h), (j), (k), (n), (q), (r) and (w)) $ -$ </td <td>5000</td> <td>Operating costs (notes 6(e), (r) and 7)</td> <td>2,930,059</td> <td>70</td> <td>2,423,543</td> <td>72</td> <td>6,137,111</td> <td>75</td> <td>5,088,940</td> <td>70</td>	5000	Operating costs (notes 6(e), (r) and 7)	2,930,059	70	2,423,543	72	6,137,111	75	5,088,940	70
1010 Scling expenses 577,689 14 553,36 18 1137,900 14 1203,460 17 6200 Administrative expenses 286,928 7 21,174 6 485,216 6 448,591 6 6450 Expected credit gian (note 6(c)) (1,523) . (2,323) . (3,309) . (1,130) . 700 Interest income (actors 6(x) and 7) (4,522) . 4,374 . 8,261 . 8,714 . 7100 Interest income (actors 6(x) and 7) 1,666 . 3,262 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 8,714 . 1,855 . 1,855 . 1,855 . 1,855 . 1,855 . 1,855 . 1,8529 . 1,8529 .		Gross profit from operations	1,226,942	30	945,392	28	2,034,689	25	2,177,641	30
6200 Administrative expenses 288,928 7 21,1784 6 485,216 6 448,391 6 6300 Research and development expenses 13,005 3 23,017 7 21,0184 3 504,023 5 5 6 448,211 7 2,0309 - (1,130) - (1,145) - (1,150) - (1,150) - (1,150) - (1,150) - (1,150) - (1,150) - (1,150) - (1,150) - (1,150) - (1,150) - (1,150) - <		Operating expenses: (notes 6(c), (h), (i), (j), (k), (n), (q), (r) and (w))								
630 Research and development expenses 135.055 3 250.471 7 270.180 3 504.762 7 6490 Expected retilig pin (note 6(i)) (1,223) - (1,233) - (1,233) - (1,120) - 700 Not operating (nos) income 226.725 6 (99.816) (3) 144.702 2 32.145.5 30 7010 Other income (notes 6(x) and 7) 4.532 - 4.874 - 8.261 - 8.714 - 7020 Other income (notes 6(x) and 7) 1.606 - 25.25 - 2.62.25 0 14.007 - 8.261 - 8.714 - 7030 Other income (notes 6(x) and 7) 1.606 - 2.72.457 0 (13.049) - (13.040) - (13.040) - 14.007 - 8.261 - 8.714 - 7040 Other comprehensive (notes 6(x) and 7) - 14.007 - (14.007) - (14.007) - (14.007) - (12.219) - (14.007)	6100	Selling expenses	577,689	14	585,346	18	1,137,900	14	1,203,466	17
6450 Expected credit gain (note 6(-)) (1.525) (2.373) (3.309) (11.303) - Net operating (loss) income 1.000.147 24 1045.228 31 1.880.987 23 2.145.516 30 Non-operating (noss) and concesses: 226.235 6 0.983.50 (3.147.97) 2 2.145.516 30 100 Other gains and losses (notes 6(x) and 7) 4.532 - 4.874 - 8.261 - 8.714 7020 Other gains and losses (notes 6(n) and (x) 0.01 (9.4846) (3) 1.547 - (11.459) 0.1445 - 7020 Other pains and losses (notes 6(n) and (x) 0.01 1.000 - 7.1221) (2) 226.990 - 68.299 (1) 7020 Rine or profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note 6(n)) 1.030.75 (11.201.99 - (11.201.99 - (11.201.99 - (11.201.99 - (11.459 - (11.59) - (11.59) - (11.499 - <td>6200</td> <td>Administrative expenses</td> <td>288,928</td> <td>7</td> <td>211,784</td> <td>6</td> <td>485,216</td> <td>6</td> <td>448,591</td> <td>6</td>	6200	Administrative expenses	288,928	7	211,784	6	485,216	6	448,591	6
Image: construct of the construction of the constructi	6300	Research and development expenses	135,055	3	250,471	7	270,180	3	504,762	7
Net operating (loss) income $226,795$ 6 (99,836) (3) 144,702 2 $32,125$ \cdot Non-operating lineome and expenses: $ 4,574$ $ 8,261$ $ 8,714$ $-$ 010 Other income (notes (6x) and 7) $ 4,574$ $ 8,261$ $ 8,714$ $-$ 020 Other gains and losses (notes (6), (x), (x) and 7) $(94,846)$ (3) $145,677$ $ (14,604)$ (2) $14,6677$ $ (14,604)$ (2) $(24,929)$ $ (88,299)$ (1) $(20,529)$ $ (88,299)$ (1) $(12,058)$ profit fore tax epsenses (note (6)) $-96,381$ 2 $33,280$ 1 $(20,529)$ (1) $(21,21,99)$ (1) $(21,21,99)$ (1) $(21,21,99)$ (1) $(21,21,99)$ (1) $(21,21,99)$ (1) $(21,21,99)$ (1) $(21,21,99)$ $(21,21,99)$ (1) $(21,21,99)$ $(21,21,99)$ $(21,21,99)$ $(2$	6450	Expected credit gain (note 6(c))	(1,525)		(2,373)		(3,309)		(11,303)	
Non-operating income and expense: Non-operating income (notes 6(x) and 7) 4.532 5. 5. 5. 7100 Other income (notes 6(x) and 7) 4.532 - 8.741 - 7000 Other gains and losses (notes 6(t), (x), (x) and 7) (94,846) (3) 1.547 - (14,3694) (2) 1.445 - 7000 Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note 6(f)) 1.327 - (71,237) (2) (26,0290) - (82,299) (10,82,299) (11,82,99) (14,867) - (92,240) - (92,240) - (92,240) - (92,240) - (92,240) - (92,244) (11,21,948) (2) (22,245) - (92,244) - (11,21,948) (2) (12,1948) (2) (12,1948) (11,193) - (11,193) - (11,21,948) (2) (21,245) - (14,951) - (12,1948) (2) (21,248) - - - - - - - -			1,000,147	24	1,045,228	31	1,889,987	23	2,145,516	30
7100Interest income (notes $6(x)$ and 7)4,532.4,874.8,261.8,714.7010Other income (notes $6(x)$ and 7)1,066-526.2,622.878.7020Other gins and losses (notes $6(t)$, (x), (z) and 7)(94,846)(3)1,547.(14,607)7030Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note $6(t)$)1,937.(71,291)(2)(26,292).(82,599)(1)(Loss) profit before tax136,0753(17,223)(5)(23,688).(9,29,44).7950Less: income tax expenses (note $6(s)$)		Net operating (loss) income	226,795	6	(99,836)	(3)	144,702	2	32,125	
7010Other income (notes $6(x)$ and 7)1.606-526-2.622-878-7020Other gains and losses (notes $6(x)$ and 7)(94,4840)(3)1.547-(143,694)(2)1.145-7050Finance costs (notes $6(x)$ and (x))(3)(3)(72,387)(2)(26,599)-(48,259)(1)7050(Loss) or fit before tax130,0753(172,387)(2)(26,2990)-(88,299)(1)(Loss) profit before tax136,0753(172,323)(5)(23,658)-(59,204)(1)7050Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$)96,381233,580196,532162,7441Net (loss) profitcomprehensive income96,683-1,380-(14,699)-61,49318310Components of other comprehensive income130,014-(14,699)-61,49318340components of other comprehensive income130,014-(11,159)-(10,167)-(12,255)-8341Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be relassified to profit or loss-14,369 <td< td=""><td></td><td>Non-operating income and expenses:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>		Non-operating income and expenses:								
7020Other gains and losses (notes $6(h)$, (x) , (2) and 7)(94,846)(3)1,547-(143,694)(2)1,445-7050Finance costs (notes $6(n)$ and (x))(3,949)-(8,043)-(8,59)-(140,67)7060Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note $6(n)$)1927-(712,382)(2)(26,2990)-(88,299)(1)7070(Loss) profit hefore tax136,0753(172,223)(2)(168,360)(2)(122,014)(1)7080Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(s)$)-96,381233,580196,532162,74417081Unrealized (losses) gains from investments in caulty instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (noss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss-1,380-(14,699)-61,49318309Unrealized (losses) gains from investments in caulty instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	7100	Interest income (notes $6(x)$ and 7)	4,532	-	4,874	-	8,261	-	8,714	-
7050Finance costs (notes 6(n) and (3))(3)49)(3)49)(8,043)(8,059)(14,067).7060Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note 6(1)) 1237 (71,221)(2)(26,592)(88,239)(1)(Loss) profit before tax136,0753(172,223)(5)(23,658)(91,22)(2)800Other comprehensive (loss) income: $96,381$ 2 $33,580$ 1 $96,532$ 1 $62,724$ 18310Components of other comprehensive income(loss) income: $39,694$ (20,5803)(6)(120,190)(1)(121,948)(2)8310Components of other comprehensive income(loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss $13,800$ -(14,699)- $61,493$ 18320Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method. (onporthensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss <td>7010</td> <td>Other income (notes $6(x)$ and 7)</td> <td>1,606</td> <td>-</td> <td>526</td> <td>-</td> <td>2,622</td> <td>-</td> <td>878</td> <td>-</td>	7010	Other income (notes $6(x)$ and 7)	1,606	-	526	-	2,622	-	878	-
7060Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note 6(f))(1,221)(2)(26,990)(88,209)(1)(Loss) profit before tax(10,05) </td <td>7020</td> <td>Other gains and losses (notes $6(f)$, (x), (z) and 7)</td> <td>(94,846)</td> <td>(3)</td> <td>1,547</td> <td>-</td> <td>(143,694)</td> <td>(2)</td> <td>1,445</td> <td>-</td>	7020	Other gains and losses (notes $6(f)$, (x), (z) and 7)	(94,846)	(3)	1,547	-	(143,694)	(2)	1,445	-
Include of the comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (notes 6(1)) $(90,720)$ (3) $(72,382)$ (2) $(168,360)$ (2) (2) $(91,322)$ (1) (1) 7950Less: income tax expenses (note 6(s)) $96,531$ (2) 2 $(33,500)$ 1 $(96,532)$ 1 $(20,190)$ (1) $(12,1948)$ (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (2) (3) (2) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (2) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) $($	7050	Finance costs (notes 6(n) and (x))	(3,949)	-	(8,043)	-	(8,559)	-	(14,067)	-
	7060	Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method (note 6(f))	1,937		(71,291)	(2)	(26,990)		(88,299)	(1)
1950Less: Income tax expenses (note 6(s)) Net (loss) profit96.381 33.6942 133.580 (205.803)1 (6)96.532 (120.190)1 (121.948)(2) (212.948)8300Other comprehensive (loss) income: (as profit or loss (note 6 (t))1000000000000000000000000000000000000			(90,720)	(3)	(72,387)	(2)	(168,360)	(2)	(91,329)	(1)
Net (loss) profit 33.694 2025.803 66 (120,190) (1) (121,948) (2) 8300 Other comprehensive (loss) income: 33.694 1 (205.803) 66 (120,190) (1) (121,948) (2) 8310 Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6 (t)) intervalue through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (13,139) (10,167) (12,525) - 8349 Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (notes 6 (t)) and (y) (14,699) - (14,699) - (14,698) - (12,525) - 8349 Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (notes 6 (t)) and (y) (13,139) - (10,167) - (12,525) - 8361 Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements 562,292 13 (158,106) (5) 624,952 7 (259,600) (3) 8370 Share of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6(s)) - (14,922) - (14,972) -		(Loss) profit before tax	136,075	3	(172,223)	(5)	(23,658)	-	(59,204)	(1)
Other comprehensive (loss) income:8310Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6 (1))8316Unrealized (losse) gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss $(9,683)$ $ 1,380$ $ (14,699)$ $ 61,493$ 1 8349Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss $(14,992)$ $ (11,759)$ $ (24,866)$ $ 48,968$ 1 8360Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss $(14,992)$ $ (11,759)$ $ (24,866)$ $ 48,968$ 1 8361Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements $562,292$ 13 $(158,106)$ (5) $624,952$ 7 $(259,600)$ (3) 8370Share of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss $(3,806)$ $ (14,922)$ $ (1,897)$ $-$ 8390Other comprehensive income (loss), net total comprehensive income (loss), net total comprehensive income (loss), net total comprehensive income (loss) $448,287$ 11 $(125,2489)$ (5) $507,749$ 6 $(128,305)$ (2) 8610Owners	7950	Less: Income tax expenses (note 6(s))	96,381	2	33,580	1	96,532	1	62,744	1
Non-termediation of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6 (t))8310Components of other comprehensive income value through other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6 (s))(10,167) - (12,525) - (12,525) - (14,699) - (10,167) - (12,525) - (14,999) - (10,167) - (12,525) - (14,999) - (11,759) - (24,866) - (48,968) - (14,992) - (11,759) - (24,866) - (48,968) - (14,992) - (11,759) - (24,866) - (48,968) - (14,992) - (11,759) - (24,866) - (48,968) - (14,992) - (11,759) - (24,866) - (48,968) - (14,992) - (12,525) - (14,992) - (11,759) - (24,866) - (48,968) - (14,992) - (12,525) - (12,525) - (1		Net (loss) profit	39,694	1	(205,803)	(6)	(120,190)	(1)	(121,948)	(2)
to profit or loss (note 6 (t))8316Unrealized (losses) gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income(9,683)-1,380-(14,699)-61,49318320Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss(5,309)-(13,139)-(10,167)-(12,525)-8340Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6(t) and (y))	8300	Other comprehensive (loss) income:								
8316 Unrealized (losses) gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income 0 associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (9,683) - (13,139) - (14,699) - (12,525) - 8349 Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss -	8310									
8320 Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss $(5,309)$ - $(13,139)$ - $(10,167)$ - $(12,525)$ - 8349 Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss $(14,992)$ - $(11,759)$ - $(24,866)$ - $48,968$ 1 8360 Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss (notes 6(1) and (y)) (10,167) - $(12,525)$ - 8361 Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements $562,292$ 13 $(158,106)$ (5) $624,952$ 7 $(259,600)$ (3) 8370 Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss $(3,806)$ - $(14,0730)$ (5) $522,92$ $(11,339)$ - $(18,97)$ - 8399 Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (note $6(s)$) $4482,287$ $(11, (21,4289)$ (5) $507,749$ 6 $(182,365)$ <	8316	Unrealized (losses) gains from investments in equity instruments measured at fair	(9,683)	-	1,380	-	(14,699)	-	61,493	1
8349 Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss <u>(14,992)</u> - (11,759) - (24,866) - 48,968 1 (14,992) - (11,759) - (24,866) - 48,968 1 (18,97) - (25,9600) (3) Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (18,97) - (29,21,042 - (106,729) (1) 30,164 - (18,279 11 (140,730) (5) 532,615 6 (231,333) (3) (21,2489 (5) 507,749 6 (182,365) (2) Total comprehensive income (loss), net 448,287 11 (152,489 (5) 507,749 6 (182,365) (2) Total comprehensive income (loss), net 448,287 11 (152,489 (5) 507,749 6 (182,365) (2) Net (loss) profit attributable to: Sample and an analysis of the comprehensive income (loss) Net (loss) profit attributable to:	8320	method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be	(5,309)	-	(13,139)	-	(10,167)	-	(12,525)	-
(11,759) - (24,866) - 48,968 18360Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss (notes 6(t) and (y))8361Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements $562,292$ 13 $(158,106)$ (5) $624,952$ 7 $(259,600)$ (3) 8370Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss $(3,806)$ - $(3,666)$ - $14,392$ - $(1,897)$ -8399Less: Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6(s)) $(95,207)$ (2) $21,042$ - $(106,729)$ (1) $30,164$ -463,27911 $(140,730)$ (5) $532,615$ 6 $(231,333)$ (3) 8300Other comprehensive income (loss), net $448,287$ 11 $(152,489)$ (5) $507,49$ 6 $(182,365)$ (2) Net (loss) profit attributable to: $33,321$ - $(219,265)$ (6) $(176,528)$ (2) $(158,395)$ (2) 8610Owners of parent\$ $3,321$ - $(219,265)$ (6) $(176,528)$ (2) $(158,395)$ (2) 8620Non-controlling interests $36,373$ 1 $13,462$ - $56,338$ 1 $36,447$ -8710Owners of parent\$ $453,703$ 11 $(351,930)$ (11) $325,786$ 4 $(321$	8349	Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8360 Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss (notes 6(t) and (y)) 8361 Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements 562,292 13 (158,106) (5) 624,952 7 (259,600) (3) 8370 Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (3,806) - (3,666) - 14,392 - (1,897) - 8399 Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6(s))		not be reclassified to profit or loss	(14,992)	_	(11.759)	_	(24.866)		48.968	1
8361Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements $562,292$ 13 $(158,106)$ (5) $624,952$ 7 $(259,600)$ (3) 8370Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss $(3,806)$ $ (3,666)$ $ (14,392)$ $ (1,897)$ $-$ 8399Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (note $6(s)$) $(95,207)$ (2) $21,042$ $ (106,729)$ (1) $30,164$ $-$ 8300Other comprehensive income (loss), net Total comprehensive income (loss) Net (loss) profit attributable to: $448,287$ 11 $(152,489)$ (5) $507,749$ 6 $(182,365)$ (2) 8610Owners of parent 8 $3,321$ $ (219,265)$ (6) $(176,528)$ (2) $(158,395)$ (2) 8620Non-controlling interests $36,373$ 1 $13,462$ $ 56,338$ 1 $36,447$ $ 820,924$ 1 $(205,803)$ (6) $(120,190)$ (1) $(121,1948)$ (2) 8610Owners of parent 8 $453,703$ 11 $(351,930)$ (11) $325,786$ 4 $(321,142)$ (4)	8360		<u> (</u>							
method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (3,806) - (3,666) - 14,392 - (1,897) - 8399 Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6(s)) (95,207) (2) 21,042 - (106,729) (1) 30,164 - 8300 Other comprehensive income (loss), net 448,287 11 (152,489) (5) 507,749 6 (182,365) (2) 7 total comprehensive income (loss) 4487,981 12 (358,292) (11) 387,559 5 (304,313) (4) Net (loss) profit attributable to: 8 3,321 - (219,265) (6) (176,528) (2) (158,395) (2) 8620 Non-controlling interests 36,373 1 13,462 - 56,338 1 36,447 - 8620 Non-controlling interests 36,373 1 (205,803) (6) (120,190) (1) (121,948) (2) Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: 8 453,703 11 (351,930)	8361		562,292	13	(158,106)	(5)	624,952	7	(259,600)	(3)
8399 Less: income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6(s)) (95,207) (2) 21,042 - (106,729) (1) 30,164 - 8300 Other comprehensive income (loss), net 463,279 11 (140,730) (5) 532,615 6 (231,333) (3) 8300 Other comprehensive income (loss), net 448,287 11 (152,489) (5) 507,749 6 (182,365) (2) Total comprehensive income (loss) \$ 487,981 12 (358,292) (11) 387,559 5 (304,313) (4) Net (loss) profit attributable to: 8 3,321 - (219,265) (6) (176,528) (2) (158,395) (2) 8620 Non-controlling interests 36,373 1 13,462 - 56,338 1 36,447 - \$ 39,694 1 (205,803) (6) (120,190) (1) (121,948) (2) Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: \$ 453,703 11 (351,930) (11) 325,786 4	8370		(3.806)		(3.666)		14 302		(1.807)	
be reclassified to profit or loss (note 6(s)) $(95,207)$ (2) $21,042$ $ (106,729)$ (1) $30,164$ $-$ 463,279 11 $(140,730)$ (5) $532,615$ 6 $(231,333)$ (3) 8300 Other comprehensive income (loss), net $448,287$ 11 $(152,489)$ (5) $507,749$ 6 $(182,365)$ (2) Total comprehensive income (loss) $8487,981$ 12 $(358,292)$ (11) $387,559$ 5 $(304,313)$ (4) Net (loss) profit attributable to: 8 $3,321$ $ (219,265)$ (6) $(176,528)$ (2) $(158,395)$ (2) 8610 Owners of parent $\$$ $3,321$ $ (219,265)$ (6) $(176,528)$ (2) $(158,395)$ (2) 8620 Non-controlling interests $36,373$ 1 $13,462$ $ 56,338$ 1 $36,447$ $-$ 8710 Owners of parent $\$$ $453,703$ 11 $(351,930)$ (11) $325,786$ 4 $(321,142)$ </td <td>8200</td> <td>1</td> <td>(3,000)</td> <td></td> <td>(5,000)</td> <td></td> <td>11,572</td> <td></td> <td>(1,0)7)</td> <td></td>	8200	1	(3,000)		(5,000)		11,572		(1,0)7)	
$\begin{array}{c} 463,279 & 11 & (140,730) & (5) & 532,615 & 6 & (231,333) & (3) \\ 448,287 & 11 & (152,489) & (5) & 507,749 & 6 & (182,365) & (2) \\ \hline \text{Total comprehensive income (loss)} & & 448,287 & 11 & (152,489) & (5) & 507,749 & 6 & (182,365) & (2) \\ \hline \text{Total comprehensive income (loss)} & & & & & & & & \\ \hline \text{Net (loss) profit attributable to:} & & & & & & & \\ \hline \text{Net (loss) profit attributable to:} & & & & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss)} & & & & & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss)} & & & & & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:} & & & \\ \hline \text{Selvential comprehension (loss) attributable to:} & & & \\ \hline Selvential c$	0377		(95,207)	(2)	21,042		(106,729)	<u>(1</u>)	30,164	
Total comprehensive income (loss) \$ 487,981 12 (358,292) (11) 387,559 5 (304,313) (4) Net (loss) profit attributable to: 3,321 - (219,265) (6) (176,528) (2) (158,395) (2) 8610 Owners of parent \$ 3,321 - (219,265) (6) (176,528) (2) (158,395) (2) 8620 Non-controlling interests 36,373 1 13,462 - 56,338 1 36,447 - \$ 39,694 1 (205,803) (6) (120,190) (1) (121,948) (2) Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: \$ 453,703 11 (351,930) (11) 325,786 4 (321,142) (4)			463,279	11	(140,730)	(5)	532,615	6	(231,333)	(3)
Net (loss) profit attributable to: 8610 Owners of parent \$ $3,321$ - (219,265) (6) (176,528) (2) (158,395) (2) 8620 Non-controlling interests $36,373$ 1 13,462 - $56,338$ 1 $36,447$ - Second parent S 39,694 1 (205,803) (6) (120,190) (1) (121,948) (2) Second parent Second parent Second parent S 453,703 11 (351,930) (11) $325,786$ 4 (321,142) (4)	8300	Other comprehensive income (loss), net	448,287	11	(152,489)	(5)	507,749	6	(182,365)	(2)
8610 Owners of parent \$ 3,321 - (219,265) (6) (176,528) (2) (158,395) (2) 8620 Non-controlling interests 36,373 1 13,462 - 56,338 1 36,447 - 8610 Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: 8710 Owners of parent \$ 453,703 11 (351,930) (11) 325,786 4 (321,142) (4)		Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$ <u>487,981</u>	12	(358,292)	<u>(11</u>)	387,559	5	(304,313)	(4)
8610 Owners of parent \$ 3,321 - (219,265) (6) (176,528) (2) (158,395) (2) 8620 Non-controlling interests 36,373 1 13,462 - 56,338 1 36,447 - 8610 Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: 8710 Owners of parent \$ 453,703 11 (351,930) (11) 325,786 4 (321,142) (4)		Net (loss) profit attributable to:								
8620 Non-controlling interests 36,373 1 13,462 - 56,338 1 36,447 - 8620 Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: 39,694 1 (205,803) (6) (120,190) (1) (121,948) (2) 8710 Owners of parent \$ 453,703 11 (351,930) (11) 325,786 4 (321,142) (4)	8610		\$ 3.321	-	(219,265)	(6)	(176,528)	(2)	(158,395)	(2)
S 39,694 1 (205,803) (6) (120,190) (1) (121,948) (2) Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: 8710 Owners of parent \$ 453,703 11 (351,930) (11) 325,786 4 (321,142) (4)				1	,	. ,		. ,		-
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: 8710 Owners of parent \$ 453,703 11 (351,930) (11) 325,786 4 (321,142) (4)	0020	Non-controlling increass		1						(2)
8710 Owners of parent \$ 453,703 11 (351,930) (11) 325,786 4 (321,142) (4)		Comprehensive income (less) ettributable to	¢ <u> </u>		(203,005)		(120,170)	<u></u>)	(121,)40)	<u> (2</u>)
	0710		¢ 452.702	1.1	(251.020)	(1.1)	225 796	4	(221 142)	
8/20 Non-controlling interests <u>34,278 1</u> (6,362) - 61,773 <u>1</u> 16,829 -					,					(4)
	8720	Non-controlling interests								
$\underbrace{\$ 487,981}_{\$ 487,981} \underbrace{12}_{\$ 358,292} \underbrace{(11)}_{\$ 387,559} \underbrace{5}_{\$ 304,313} \underbrace{(4)}_{\$ 4}$		5	\$ 487,981	12	(358,292)	(11)			(304,313)	(4)
Basic earnings (loss) per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note 6(u)) § 0.01 (0.34) (0.29) (0.24)		Basic earnings (loss) per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note 6(u))	\$ <u></u>	0.01		(0.34)		<u>(0.29</u>)		(0.24)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note 6(u)) § 0.01 (0.34) (0.29) (0.24)		Diluted earnings (loss) per share (New Taiwan dollars) (note 6(u))	\$	0.01		(0.34)		<u>(0.29</u>)		(0.24)

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

	Equity attributable to owners of parent									
		Total other equity interest								
			ŀ	Retained earni	8		Unrealized gains			
	Ordinary shares	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings (Accumulated losses)	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	(losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total equity attributable to owners of parent	Non- controlling interests	_Total equity_
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ <u>6,519,961</u>	1,523,313	2,053,379	205,562	566,471	(1,520,585)	(88,606)	9,259,495	480,860	9,740,355
Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2021	-	-	-	-	(158,395) -	-	(158,395)	36,447	(121,948)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2021						(211,715)	48,968	(162,747)	(19,618)	(182,365)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2021					(158,395) (211,715)	48,968	(321,142)	16,829	(304,313)
Other changes in capital surplus:										
Changes in equity of associates accounted for using equity method	-	(740)	-	-	-	-	-	(740)	-	(740)
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income					(54,847)	54,847			
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ <u>6,519,961</u>	1,522,573	2,053,379	205,562	353,229	(1,732,300)	15,209	8,937,613	497,689	9,435,302
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ <u>5,998,365</u>	1,522,573	2,110,026	412,952	299,477	(1,863,596)	(2,439)	8,477,358	524,978	9,002,336
Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2022	-	-	-	-	(176,528) -	-	(176,528)	56,338	(120,190)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2022						527,180	(24,866)	502,314	5,435	507,749
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2022					(176,528) 527,180	(24,866)	325,786	61,773	387,559
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:										
Legal reserve appropriated	-	-	19,264	-	(19,264) -	-	-	-	-
Special reserve appropriated	-	-	-	280,213	(280,213) -	-	-	-	-
Other changes in capital surplus:										
Cash dividends from capital surplus	-	(179,950)			-		_	(179,950)		(179,950)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ <u>5,998,365</u>	1,342,623	2,129,290	693,165	(176,528) (1,336,416)	(27,305)	8,623,194	586,751	9,209,945
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(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) <u>Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards</u>

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

		e six months en	
	20	22	2021
Cash generated (used in) from operating activities:			
Loss before tax	\$	(23,658)	(59,204
Adjustments:			
Adjustments to reconcile profit:		104.040	110.044
Depreciation expense		104,240	119,366
Amortization expense		18,134	24,989
Expected credit loss reversal gain		(3,309)	(11,303
Net (gain) loss on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(24,886)	7,642
Interest expense		8,559	14,067
Interest income		(8,261)	(8,714
Share of loss of associates accounted for using equity method		26,990	88,299
Gain on disposal of investments		(4,681)	(2,519
Write-down loss of inventories to net realizable value		16,068	59,338
Other		116,793	17,684
Total adjustments to reconcile profit		249,647	308,849
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		62,335	50,544
Decrease in notes receivable		408	196
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(2,470)	131,267
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable due from related parties		5,756	(103
Increase in other receivables		(15,281)	(15,048
Decrease in lease payment receivable		13,147	4,145
Increase in inventories		(666,438)	(787,260
Increase in prepayment for purchase		(9,860)	(50,911
Increase in other current assets		(45,923)	(4,506
Increase in other non-current assets		(19,051)	(783
Total changes in operating assets		(677,377)	(672,459
Increase in current contract liabilities		74,827	6,216
Increase in notes payable		162	242
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable		(106,700)	241,172
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable to related parties		360,107	(190,502
Increase (decrease) in other payable		86,033	(123,392
Decrease in current provisions		(6,360)	(12,625
Decrease in current refund liabilities		(36,687)	(90,474
(Decrease) increase in other current liabilities		(12,185)	6,458
Increase (decrease) in other non-current liabilities		4,719	(17,844
Total changes in operating liabilities		363,916	(180,749
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities		(313,461)	(853,208
Total adjustments		(63,814)	(544,359
Cash used in operations		(87,472)	(603,563
Interest received		7,934	8,714
Interest paid		(13,076)	(18,087
Income taxes paid		(56,420)	(48,413
Net cash used in operating activities		(149,034)	(661,349
Cash used in investing activities:			• •
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method		-	(813,092
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(26,633)	(18,050
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		49	247
Decrease in refundable deposits		4,584	5,106
Acquisition of intangible assets		(21,809)	(8,376
Other investing activities		(3,954)	(29,665
Net cash used in investing activities		(47,763)	(863,830
Cash flows used in financing activities:			(005,050
(Decrease) increase in guarantee deposits received		(5,068)	3,293
Payment of lease liabilities		(69,823)	(110,270
Net cash used in financing activities		(74,891)	
0			(106,977
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		624,952	(259,600
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		353,264	(1,891,756
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	0	2,195,080	6,216,327
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	<u>s</u>	2,548,344	4,324,571

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar, Unless Otherwise Specified)

(1) Company history

D-LINK CORPORATION (the "Company") was incorporated on June 20, 1987 under the approval of Ministry of Economic Affair, Republic of China ("ROC"). The address of its registered office is No. 289, Xinhu 3rd Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City 114, Taiwan. The main operating activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as the "Consolidated Company") include the research, development, and sale of local area computer network systems, wireless local area computer networks ("LANs"), and spare parts for integrated circuits.

(2) Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for release by the Board of Directors on August 12, 2022.

(3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:

(a) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. which have already been adopted.

The Consolidated Company has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from January 1, 2022:

- Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment-Proceeds before Intended Use"
- Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling a Contract"
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020
- Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework"
- (b) The impact of IFRS endorsed by the FSC but not yet effective

The Consolidated Company assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments to IFRSs, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2023, will not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"
- Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"
- Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"

(c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The following new and amended standards, which may be relevant to the Consolidated Company, have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), but have yet to be endorsed by the FSC:

Standards or Interpretations	Content of amendment	Effective date per IASB
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"	The amendments aim to promote consistency in applying the requirements by helping companies determine whether, in the statement of balance sheet, debt and other liabilities with an uncertain settlement date should be classified as current (due or potentially due to be settled within one year) or non-current. The amendments include clarifying the classification requirements for debt a company might settle by converting it into equity.	January 1, 2023

The Consolidated Company is evaluating the impact of its initial adoption of the abovementioned standards or interpretations on its consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance. The results thereof will be disclosed when the Consolidated Company completes its evaluation.

The Consolidated Company does not expect the following other new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture"
- IFRS 17 " Insurance Contracts" and amendments to IFRS 17 " Insurance Contracts"
- Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 Comparative Information "

(4) Summary of significant accounting policies:

The significant accounting policies presented in the consolidated financial statements are summarized below. The following accounting policies were applied consistently throughout the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

(a) Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the preparation and guidelines of IAS 34 " Interim Financial Reporting" which are endorsed and issued into effect by FSC, and do not include all of the information required by the Regulations and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC (hereinafter referred to IFRS endorsed by the FSC) for a complete set of the annual consolidated financial statements.

- (b) Basis of Preparation
 - (i) Basis of Measurement

Except for the following significant accounts, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis:

- 1) Financial instruments (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value;
- 2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value;
- 3) Equity-settled share-based payment are measured at fair value;
- 4) The defined benefit liabilities are measured at fair value of the plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation.
- (ii) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Consolidated Company is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollar, which is the Consolidated Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Taiwan Dollar has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

- (c) Basis of consolidation
 - (i) Principle of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company. The Company 'controls' an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. Intragroup balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from Intragroup transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The Consolidated Company attributes the profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

The Consolidated Company prepares consolidated financial statements using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances.

Changes in the Consolidated Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received will be recognized directly in equity, and the Consolidated Company will attribute it to the owners of the parent.

				Shareholding		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021	Note
The Company	D-Link Holding Company Ltd. (D- Link Holding)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
The Company	D-Link Canada Inc. (D-Link Canada)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
The Company	D-Link Japan K.K. (D- Link Japan)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
The Company	D-Link Investment Pte Ltd. (D-Link Investment)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
The Company and D-Link Holding	D-Link Sudamerica S.A. (D-Link Sudamerica)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
The Company and D-Link Holding	D-Link Brazil LTDA (D-Link Brazil)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
The Company	D-Link Latin America Company Ltd. (D-Link L.A.)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
The Company and D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Mexicana S.A de C.V (D-Link Mexicana)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
The Company and D-Link Holding	D-Link Systems, Inc. (D-Link Systems)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company and D-Link Holding	D-Link International Pte. Ltd. (D-Link International)	Marketing, purchase and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	
The Company and D-Link International	D-Link Australia Pty Ltd. (D-Link Australia)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
The Company and D-Link International	D-Link Middle East FZCO (D-Link ME)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link International	D-Link Korea Limited (D-Link Korea)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link International	D-Link Trade M (D- Link Moldova)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link International	D-Link Russia Investment Co., Ltd. (D-Link Russia Investment)	Investment Company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link International	D-Link Malaysia SDN. BHD (D-Link Malaysia)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note

(ii) List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

		_		Shareholding		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021	Note
D-Link International	D-Link Service Lithuania, UAB (D-Link Lithuania)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
The Company	Yeo-Chia Investment Ltd. (Yeochia)	Investment company	- %	. %	100.00 %	Completed liquidation process at July 19, 2022 (note1)
The Company	Yeo-Mao Investment Inc. (Yeomao)	Investment company	- %	. %	100.00 %	Went into liquidation process at December 1, 2021 (note1)
The Company	Yeo-Tai Investment Inc. (Yeotai)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Holding	D-Link (Europe) Ltd. (D-Link Europe)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	
D-Link Holding	D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc. (D- Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman))	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Holding	D-Link Holding Mauritius Inc. (D- Link Mauritius)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Holding	OOO D-Link Russia (D-Link Russia)	After-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Investment	OOO D-Link Trade (D-Link Trade)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Holding	Success Stone Overseas Corp. (Success Stone)	Investment company	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Holding	Wishfi Pte. Ltd. (Wishfi)	Research, development, marketing and after- sales service	- %	b 100.00 %	100.00 %	Cancellation of registration in January, 2022
D-Link Mauritius	D-Link India Ltd. (D- Link India)	Marketing and after- sales service	51.02 %	51.02 %	51.02 %	
D-Link Mauritius and D-Link India	TeamF1 Networks Private Limited (TeamF1 India)	Research and development	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Europe	D-Link (Holdings) Ltd. and its subsidiary D- Link (UK) Ltd. (D- Link UK)	Investment company, marketing and after-sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Europe	D-Link France SARL (D-Link France)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Europe	D-Link AB	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Europe	D-Link Iberia SL (D- Link Iberia)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Europe	D-Link Mediterraneo SRL (D-Link Mediterraneo)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Europe	D-Link (Netherlands) BV (D-Link Netherlands)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note

				Shareholding		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021	Note
The Company and D-Link Europe	D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH (D-Link Deutschland)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Europe	D-Link Polska Sp. Z.o.o. (D-Link Polska)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Europe	D-Link (Magyarorszag) kft (D-Link Magyarorszag)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Europe	D-Link s.r.o	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Shiang- Hai (Cayman)	D-Link (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd (D-Link Shiang-Hai)	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Shiang- Hai (Cayman)	Netpro Trading (Shiang-Hai) Co., Ltd (Netpro Trading)	Research, development and trading	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Mediterraneo	D-Link Adria d.o.o.	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	In liquidation process (Note)
D-Link Sudamerica and D-Link L.A.	D-Link Peru S.A.	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link de Colombia S.A.S	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Guatemala S.A.	Marketing and after- sales service	99.00 %	99.00 %	99.00 %	Note
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Argentina S.A.	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note
D-Link ME	D Link Network	Marketing and after- sales service	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	Note

- Note: It was a non-significant subsidiary and the financial statements were not reviewed by independent auditors.
- Note1: Yeochia and Yeomao went into liquidation process at December 1, 2021. Since December 31, 2021, Yeochia and Yeomao reports were not included in the consolidated financial statement because of losing control over them.
- (iii) Subsidiaries excluded from the consolidated financial statement: None.
- (d) Business combination

The Consolidated Company accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method. The goodwill arising from an acquisition is measured as the excess of (i) the consideration transferred (which is generally measured at fair value) and (ii) the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree, both over the identifiable net assets acquired at the acquisition date. If the amount calculated above is a deficit balance, the Consolidated Company recognized that amount as a gain on a bargain purchase in profit or loss immediately after reassessing whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed.

All acquisition-related transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except for the issuance of debt or equity instruments.

(e) Foreign currency

(i) Foreign currency transaction

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of the Consolidated Company entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies that are measured at the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for those differences relating to the following, which are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- an investment in equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.
- (ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the Consolidated Company's functional currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the Consolidated Company's functional currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(f) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

An asset is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non-current.

- (i) It is expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed, in the normal operating cycle;
- (ii) It is held the primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) The asset is cash and cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

A liability is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

(i) It is expected to be settled, in the normal operating cycle;

- (ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- (iv) The Consolidated Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by issuing of equity instruments do not affect its classification.
- (g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits which meet the above definition and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes should be recognized as cash equivalents.

(h) Financial Instruments

Accounting receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Consolidated Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is an accounts receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. An accounts receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

(i) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis or a settlement date basis.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)–equity investment; or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Consolidated Company changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the next reporting period following the change in the business model.

1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Some accounts receivables are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling by the Consolidated Company, therefore, those receivables are measured at FVOCI. However, they are included in the 'accounts receivable' line item.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Consolidated Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date, usually the ex-dividend date, on which the Consolidated Company's right to receive payment is established.

3) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as amortized cost or FVOCI described as above are measured at FVTPL, including derivative financial assets and beneficiary certificate. On initial recognition, the Consolidated Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset, which meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

4) Business model assessment

The Consolidated Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Consolidated Company's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, and are consistent with the Consolidated Company's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

5) Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial assets on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Consolidated Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Consolidated Company considers:

· contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;

- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable rate features;
- · prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Consolidated Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features)
- 6) Impairment of financial assets

The Consolidated Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivables, other receivables, finance lease payment receivable, refundable deposits and other financial assets), debt investments measured at FVOCI and contract assets.

The Consolidated Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, except for the following which are measured as 12-month ECL:

- · debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowance for accounts receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the ECL that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month ECL are the portion of ECL that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECL is the maximum contractual period over which the Consolidated Company is exposed to credit risk.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Consolidated Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Consolidated Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

The Consolidated Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 90 days past due.

The Consolidated Company considers a financial asset to be in default when the financial asset is more than 360 days past due or the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Consolidated Company in full.

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Consolidated Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Consolidated Company expects to receive). ECL are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- · significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 365 days past due;
- the lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charged to profit or loss and is recognized in other comprehensive income instead of reducing the carrying amount of the asset.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Consolidated Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Consolidated Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

7) Derecognition of financial assets

The Consolidated Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Consolidated Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Consolidated Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

- (ii) Financial liabilities and equity instruments
 - 1) Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Consolidated Company are classified as financial liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

2) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

3) Other financial liabilities

Financial liabilities that are not classified as held-for-trading or measured at fair value through profit or loss, which comprise loans, accounts payable, and other payables, are measured at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost at the time of initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost calculated using the effective interest method. Interest expense not capitalized as capital cost is recognized in non-operating income and expenses, and is included in other gains and losses.

4) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Consolidated Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Consolidated Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

5) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Consolidated Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(iii) Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Consolidated Company holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognized in profit or loss.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the economic characteristics and risks of the non-financial asset's host contract are not closely related to the embedded derivatives and the host contract is not measured at FVTPL.

The Consolidated Company designates certain hedging instruments (derivate financial instruments) as cash flow hedges.

At inception of hedging relationships, the Consolidated Company documents the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The Consolidated Company also documents the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, including whether the changes in cash flows of the hedged item and hedging instrument are expected to offset each other.

Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives and other qualifying hedging instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated under ' other equity – gains (losses) on hedging instruments', limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item from inception of the hedge. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss, in the same line as the recognized hedged item. However, when the hedged forecast transaction results in the recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are removed from equity and included in the initial measurement of the cost of the non-financial asset or non-financial liability. Furthermore, if the Consolidated Company expects that some or all of the loss accumulated in other equity will not be recovered in the future, that amount is immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the hedging instrument is sold, expires, is terminated or is exercised, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. When hedge accounting for cash flow hedges is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in other equity remains in equity until, for a hedge of a transaction resulting in the recognition of a non-financial item, it is included in the non-financial item's cost on its initial recognition or, for other cash flow hedges, it is reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods as the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss. If the hedged future cash flows are no longer expected to occur, then the amounts that have been accumulated in other equity are immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

(i) Inventories

The cost of inventories shall comprise all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bring the inventories to their present location and condition. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted-average method. Net realizable value is based on the estimated selling price of inventories; less, all further costs to completion and all relevant marketing and selling costs. Related expenses/losses and incomes of inventory are included in the cost of sales.

(j) Investment in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Consolidated Company has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is presumed to exist when the Consolidated Company holds between 20% and 50% of the voting power of another entity.

Investments in associates are recognized initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The carrying amount of the investment in associates includes goodwill arising from the acquisition less any accumulated impairment losses.

The consolidated financial statements include the Consolidated Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Consolidated Company, from the date on which significant influence commences until the date on which significant influence ceases.

Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Consolidated Company and an associate are recognized only to the extent of unrelated Consolidated Company's interests in the associate.

When the Consolidated Company subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment will differ from the amount of the Consolidated Company's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Consolidated Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments, with the corresponding amount charged or capital surplus. The aforesaid adjustment should first be adjusted under capital surplus. If the capital surplus resulting from changes in ownership interest is not sufficient, the remaining difference is debited to retained earnings. If it resulted in a decrease in the ownership interest, except for the adjustments mentioned above, the related amount previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate will be reclassified proportionately on the same basis as if the Consolidated Company had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

(k) Investment property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition, and subsequently at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation expense is calculated based on the depreciation method, useful life, and residual value which are the same as those adopted for property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount) is recognized in profit or loss.

Rental income from investment property is recognized as non-operating income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

- (l) Property, plant and equipment
 - (i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Consolidated Company.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

- 1) Buildings and improvements: 5~60 years
- 2) Transportation, office equipment and others: 2~9 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives, and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date. If expectations differ from the previous estimates, the change is accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate.

(iv) Reclassification to investment property

A property is reclassified to investment property at its carrying amount when the use of the property changes from owner-occupied to investment property.

(m) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Consolidated Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

(i) As a lessee

The Consolidated Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Consolidated Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Consolidated Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- there is a change in the Consolidated Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a change in the lease term resulting from a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an option to purchase the underlying assets, or
- there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an extension or termination option; or

- there is any lease modifications

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Consolidated Company accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Consolidated Company presents right-of-use assets and lease liabilities that do not meet the definition of investment property as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

The Consolidated Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term lease and leases of low-value assets, including office building and office equipment. The Consolidated Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

From January 1, 2021, when the basis for determining future lease payments changes as required by interest rate benchmark reform, the Consolidated Company will remeasure the lease liability by discounting the revised lease payments using the revised discount rate that reflects the change to an alternative benchmark interest rate.

(ii) As a lessor

When the Consolidated Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Consolidated Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Consolidated Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

When the Consolidated Company is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Consolidated Company applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Consolidated Company applies IFRS15 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The Consolidated Company recognizes a finance lease payment receivable at an amount equal to its net investment in the lease. Initial direct costs, such as lessors to negotiate and arrange a lease, are included in the measurement of the net investment. The interest income is recognized over the lease term based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment in the lease. The Consolidated Company recognizes lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of other income.

- (n) Intangible assets
 - (i) Goodwill and trademark
 - 1) Recognition

Goodwill and trademark arise from acquisition of subsidiaries are included in intangible assets.

2) Subsequent measurement

Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. As regards to the investments accounted for using equity method, the carrying value of goodwill consists of the carrying value of its investment. The impairment loss is attributed to parts of investments accounted for using equity method other than goodwill or other assets.

(ii) Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

(iii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

(iv) Amortization

The amortized amount is the cost of an asset less its residual value.

Amortization is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

- 1) Computer software: 1~8 years
- Patents: Amortization is recognized using the term of patent contract. The estimated live is 11~16 years
- 3) Other intangible asset: 3 years

The residual value, amortization period, and amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life shall be reviewed at least annually at each fiscal year-end. Any change shall be accounted for as changes in accounting estimates.

(o) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units (CGUs). Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

(p) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Consolidated Company has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

(i) Warranties

A provision for warranties is recognized when the underlying products or services are sold, based on historical warranty data and a weighting of all possible outcomes against their associated probabilities.

(ii) Legal proceedings and royalties

Legal proceedings and royalties are estimated at the expected relevant cost based on historical experiences.

(q) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Consolidated Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Consolidated Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer.

The main operating activities of the Consolidated Company is research, development, and sales of LANs and spare part for integrated circuits. The Consolidated Company recognizes revenue when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Consolidated Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

The Consolidated Company grants its customers the right to return the product. Therefore, the Consolidated Company reduces revenue by the amount of expected returns and recognizes a refund liability. Accumulated experience is used to estimate such returns at the time of sale at a portfolio level (expected value method). Because the number of products returned has been steady for years, it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the cumulative revenue recognized will not occur. At each reporting date, the Consolidated Company reassesses the estimated amount of expected returns.

The Consolidated Company often offers volume discounts to its customers. Revenue from these sales is recognized based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the discounts, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. A refund liability is recognized for expected volume discounts payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. As of the reporting date, all expected payment of the related sale discounts paid to the customers is recognized under return liabilities.

The Consolidated Company offers a standard warranty for the consumer electronics sold to provide assurance that the product complies with agreed-upon specifications and has recognized warranty provisions for this obligation; please refer to note 4(p).

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the Consolidated Company has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

In case of fixed-price contracts, the customers pay the fixed amount based on a payment schedule. If the services rendered by the Consolidated Company exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognized.

A contract liability is a Consolidated Company's obligation to transfer goods to a customer for which the Consolidated Company has received consideration.

- (r) Employee benefits
 - (i) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are employee benefit expense as the related service is provided.

(ii) Defined benefit plans

The pension cost for an interim period was calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior fiscal year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

(iii) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Consolidated Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(s) Income Taxes

The income tax expenses have been prepared and disclosed in accordance with paragraph B12 of International Financial Reporting Standards 34, Interim Reporting.

Income tax expenses for the period are best estimated by multiplying pre-tax income for the interim reporting period using the effective annual tax rate as forecasted by the management. This should be recognized fully as tax expense for the current period, and tax related to other comprehensive income should be recognized as other comprehensive income.

Temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases shall be measured based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the time of the asset or liability is recovered or settled.

In accordance with the laws of each country, the income tax of each entity should be declared individually. The amount of consolidated income tax should be the total amount of income tax of each entity.

(t) Earnings per share

The Consolidated Company discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company. The calculation of basic earnings (loss) per share is based on the profit or loss attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding. The calculation of diluted earnings (loss) per share is based on the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company, divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, such as convertible bonds, employee stock options, and employee bonus settled using shares that have yet to be approved by the Board of Directors meeting. Increasing shares from the transfer of unappropriated earnings, capital surplus, and employee profit sharing is computed retroactively.

(u) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Consolidated Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Consolidated Company). Operating results of the operating segments are regularly reviewed by the Consolidated Company's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance. Each operating segment consists of standalone financial information.

(5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty:

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the Regulations and the IFRSs (in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and endorsed by the FSC) requires management to make judgement, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reporting amount of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The preparation of the consolidated interim financial statements, estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis which are in conformity with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021. For the related information, please refer to note 5 of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Judgment on substantial control over the investee

The Company held 41.58% of issued shares of Cameo Communication, Inc., and is the single largest shareholder of the investee. However, the specialization of Cameo Communication, Inc., such as manufacturing, product development and business development is different from the Company. Besides, the main management of Cameo Communication, Inc. is not appointed by the Company, which shows that the Company has no actual ability to lead the relevant business activities of Cameo Communication. As a result, the Company has no substantial control over Cameo Communication, Inc., only significant influence.

(6) Explanation of significant accounts:

Except for the following disclosures, there were no material differences in the disclosures of significant accounts between the 2021 annual consolidated financial statements. Please refer to Note 6 of the 2021 annual consolidated financial statements.

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

		June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Cash on hand	\$	86,555	2,840	3,819
Checking and saving accounts		2,363,860	2,087,817	2,873,307
Time deposit		97,929	104,423	1,447,445
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ <u></u>	2,548,344	2,195,080	4,324,571

Please refer to 6(z) for the exchange rate risk and sensitivity analysis of financial assets and liabilities of the Consolidated Company.

A time deposit is qualified as a cash equivalent when it has a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition and it is held for the purpose of short-term cash commitments. Otherwise, it is classified as other current assets.

- (b) Financial Assets and Liabilities
 - (i) Details as follows

		June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss - current				
Beneficiary certificates – mutual funds	\$	221,073	278,623	169,190
Cross currency swaps		8,319	73	838
Forward foreign exchange contracts	_	8,071	648	8,666
	\$	237,463	279,344	178,694
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	_			
Cross currency swaps	\$	7,249	13,722	13,447
Forward foreign exchange contracts	_	6	2,646	287
	\$	7,255	16,368	13,734
		June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non- current				
Z-Com, Inc. (Z-Com)	\$	-	-	27,871
YouXiang Electronic Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (YouXiang)		4,088	3,882	2,290
Kaimei Electronic Corp. (Kaimei)		14,444	29,207	71,002
StemCyte International. LTD				
(Stemcyte)	_	201	211	229
	\$_	18,733	33,300	101,392

- 1) On February 17, 2021, the Consolidated Company increased investment in Cameo and the shareholding ratio increased from 17.35% to 41.58%. The Consolidated Company transferred financial assets from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income to investments accounted for using equity method and reclassified financial assets from other equity loss to retained earnings amounting to 54,847 thousand.
- 2) The Consolidated Company sold a total of 2,753,041 shares of Z-Com in 2021, disposed at the price of \$23,251 thousand, and reclassified financial assets from other equity loss to retained earnings amounting to \$6,921 thousand.
- 3) The Consolidated Company sold 288,000 shares of Kaimei in November 2021, disposed at the price of \$32,788 thousand, and reclassified financial assets from other equity gain to retained earnings amounting to \$16,208 thousand.
- 4) The Consolidated Company sold 18,950 shares of Stemcyte in October 2021, disposed at the price of \$205 thousand, and reclassified financial assets from other equity loss to retained earnings amounting to \$39 thousand.
- 5) For disclosures on credit, currency and interest rate risks in financial instruments, please refer to note 6(z).
- 6) As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, no financial assets are pledged as collateral.
- (ii) Sensitivity analysis equity market price risk:

If the security price changes, and if it is on the same basis for both years and assumes that all other variables remain the same, the impact on other comprehensive income will be as follows:

For the six months ended

	June 30,							
		2022	2	2021				
Security price at reporting date	After-tax other comprehensive income (loss)		After-tax profit (loss)	After-tax other comprehensive income (loss)	After-tax profit (loss)			
Increase 3%	\$	531	5,173	3,025	3,959			
Decrease 3%	\$	(531)	(5,173)	(3,025)	(3,959)			

(iii) Non-hedging-derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are used to hedge certain foreign exchange and interest risk arising from the Consolidated Company's operating, financing and investing activities. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, transactions that did not qualify for hedging accounting have been presented as the following held-for-trading financial assets:

1) Derivative financial assets

	June 30, 2022			I	December 31,	2021		June 30, 202	1
	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date
Cross currency swaps:									
USD	\$ 19,700	USD	2022.07~09	-	-	-	-	-	-
GBP	800	GBP	2022.07	-	-	-	-	-	-
EUR	6,300	EUR	2022.07	4,000	EUR	2022.01	-	-	-
CAD	-	-	-	-		-	100	CAD	2021.07
AUD	1,200	AUD	2022.07	-	-	-	-	-	-
RUB	-	-		-	-	-	150,028	RUB	2021.07
Forward foreign exchange contracts:									
AUD (sell)	-	-	-		-	-	1,600	AUD	2021.07
CAD (sell)	700	CAD	2022.08		-		3,000	CAD	2021.07
EUR (sell)	4,000	EUR	2022.07~08	3,000	EUR	2022.01	10,000	EUR	2021.07
BRL (sell)	30,312	BRL	2022.07	-	-	-	54,465	BRL	2021.07
CAD (sell)	-	-	-	700	CAD	2022.01	-	-	-
JPY (sell)	100,000	JPY	2022.07	448,900	JPY	2022.01~02	-	-	-
KRW (sell)	3,476,340	KRW	2022.07~08	-	-	-	-	-	-
INR (sell)	31,590	INR	2022.07	-	-	-	74,284	INR	2021.07

2) Derivative financial liabilities

	June 30, 2022			D	ecember 31,	2021		June 30, 2021		
	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	Contract amount (thousand)	Currency	Maturity date	
Cross currency swaps:										
USD	-	-	-	1,700	USD	2022.02	21,700	USD	2021.08	
CNH	130,670	CNH	2022.08	133,670	CNH	2022.01	133,670	CNH	2021.07	
GBP	-	-	-	1,000	GBP	2022.01	-	-	-	
EUR	-	-	-	10,000	EUR	2022.02	10,000	EUR	2021.07	
JPY	1,800,000	JPY	2022.07~08	1,800,000	JPY	2022.01~2022.03	1,800,000	JPY	2021.07	
EUR	-	-	-	12,000	EUR	2022.01	-	-	-	
CAD	600	CAD	2022.07	1,100	CAD	2022.01	-	-	-	
AUD	-	-	-	300	AUD	2022.01	-	-	-	
RUB	-	-	-	150,028	RUB	2022.01	-	-	-	
Forward foreign exchange contracts:										
BRL (sell)	-	-	-	80,445	BRL	2022.01	-	-	-	
AUD (sell)	-	-	-	1,000	AUD	2022.01	-	-	-	
GBP (sell)	-	-	-	500	GBP	2022.01	-	-	-	
KRW (sell)	-	-	-	2,144,020	KRW	2022.01	2,037,535	KRW	2021.07	
JPY (sell)	-	-	-	-		-	300,000	JPY	2021.07	
INR (sell)	94,907	INR	2022.07	188,766	INR	2022.01	18,599	INR	2021.07	

(c) Notes and accounts receivable and other receivables

		June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Notes receivable for operating activities	\$	4,875	5,283	2,451
Accounts receivable		3,500,014	3,497,623	3,029,412
Account receivable - related parties		4,803	10,502	103
Other receivables	_	289,603	274,322	70,869
		3,799,295	3,787,730	3,102,835
Less: Loss provision	_	(86,162)	(83,158)	(86,317)
	\$_	3,713,133	3,704,572	3,016,518

The Consolidated Company applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e. the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all notes and accounts receivable and other receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, notes and accounts receivable and other receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and ability to pay all due, as well as incorporated forward looking information. The loss provision as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 was determined as follows:

June 30, 2022

	G	Gross carrying amount	Weighted-average loss rate	Loss provision
Current	\$	3,286,108	0.34%	11,251
90 days or less past due		424,149	0.23%	980
91 to 180 days past due		3,482	13.52%	471
181 to 270 days past due		912	57.91%	528
271 to 360 days past due		985	80.81%	796
More than 360 days past due		83,659	86.23%	72,136
	<u>\$</u>	3,799,295		86,162

December 31, 2021

	(Gross carrying amount	Weighted-average loss rate	Loss provision
Current	\$	3,228,796	0.32%	10,413
90 days or less past due		472,980	0.20%	929
91 to 180 days past due		1,159	15.42%	179
181 to 270 days past due		4,927	66.26%	3,265
271 to 360 days past due		1,191	72.12%	859
More than 360 days past due		78,677	85.81%	67,513
	<u></u>	3,787,730		83,158

(Continued)

	June 30, 2021				
		Gross carrying amount	Weighted-average loss rate	Loss provision	
Current	\$	2,505,820	0.45%	11,364	
90 days or less past due		506,324	0.44%	2,207	
91 to 180 days past due		6,095	14.55%	887	
181 to 270 days past due		2,319	61.62%	1,429	
271 to 360 days past due		246	80.67%	198	
More than 360 days past due	-	82,031	85.62%	70,232	
	\$	3,102,835		86,317	

The movement in the provision for notes and accounts receivable and other receivables were as follows:

	For the six months ended June 30,				
		2022	2021		
Balance at January 1, 2022 and 2021	\$	83,158	104,954		
Expected credit loss reversed		(3,309)	(11,303)		
Amounts written off		(22)	(5,641)		
Others		6,335	(1,693)		
Balance at June 30, 2022 and 2021	\$	86,162	86,317		

(d) Finance lease payment receivable

The Consolidated Company leased out its office building and warehouse. It classified the sub-lease as a finance lease because the sub-lease is for the whole of the remaining term of the head lease.

A maturity analysis of lease payments, which reflects the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date, is as follows:

		June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Less than one year	\$	32,238	30,030	30,225
One to two years		36,572	32,966	30,964
Two to three years		38,018	35,147	34,837
Three to four years		39,197	36,237	35,919
Four to five years		26,908	34,216	37,033
Five years and above		_		15,827
Total lease payments receivable		172,933	168,596	184,805
Unearned finance income		(19,207)	(12,717)	(15,347)
Total lease payments receivable (Present value of lease payments receivable)	\$_	153,726	155,879	169,458

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(Continued)
(e) Inventories

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Finished goods	\$ 3,881,818	3,348,193	3,179,512

The operating cost comprises of cost of goods sold, write-down loss (reversal of write-down loss) of inventories to net realizable value, warranty costs and other loss (gain). For the three months ended and the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the cost of good sold were \$3,078,546 thousand, \$2,276,531 thousand, \$6,014,625 thousand, and \$4,880,643 thousand, respectively. The loss on product warranty, obsolescence and order cancellation amounted to \$58,698 thousand, \$72,064 thousand, \$106,418 thousand and \$148,959 thousand for the three months ended and the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2022, the Consolidated Company reassessed the net realizable value of inventories in consideration of the market share trend and the life cycle of the products, and reversed the write-down loss of inventories to net realizable value to reduce cost of goods sold by \$207,185 thousand. For the three months ended June 30, 2021, and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Consolidated Company recognized write-down loss of inventories to net realizable value of \$74,948 thousand, \$16,068 thousand and \$59,338 thousand, respectively, because of the shortage of materials and the increase in logistics time to increase stocking.

As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, no inventories were pledged as collateral.

(f) Investments accounted for using equity methods

Investments accounted for using equity methods were as follows:

			June 30, 2022	Decembe 2021	,	une 30, 2021
Ass	ociates		\$ <u>1,385,150</u>	1,407	,915	1,124,097
(i)	Associates					
	Name of Associate	Name of relationship with the Consolidated Company	Main operating location/ Registered Country of the Company	Ownership June 30, 2022	interest/Voting 1 December 31, 2021	ights held June 30, 2021
	Cameo	The major business activities are	Taiwan	41.58 %	41.58 %	41.58 %
	Communication,	manufacturing and selling of				
	Inc. (Cameo)	network system equipment and its				
		components, as well as researching				
		and developing of related				
		technologies. It is the supplier of the				
		Consolidated Company.				

1) The financial information on Cameo is summarized as follows:

		June 30 2022	,		1ber 31,)21	June 30, 2021	
Current assets		\$ 3,813	,298	1,	693,178	2,508,316	
Non-current assets		1,791	,801	3,	397,654	1,932,572	
Current liabilities		1,493	,821		875,644	1,078,898	
Non-current liabilities		1,010	,250	1,	084,837	918,045	
Net assets		\$ <u>3,101</u>	,028	3,	130,351	2,443,945	
Net assets attributable to investee's shareholders		\$ <u>3,101</u>	<u>,028</u>	3,130,351		2,443,945	
	F	or the three mo June 3		nded		ix months ended June 30,	
		2022	20	21	2022	2021	
Operating revenue	\$	609,458	(524,547	1,231,94	4 1,326,255	
Net income (loss)	\$	30,735	(1	68,520)	(34,82	7) (292,552)	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	(28,389)		(40,430)	5,50	4 (60,388)	
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	2,346	(2	<u>208,950</u>)	(29,32	<u>3) (352,940)</u>	
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to investee's shareholders	\$	2,346	(2	<u>208,950)</u>	(29,32	<u>3) (352,940)</u>	
				For	the six mon June 30		
				20		2021	
The Consolidated Company's share assets at beginning of year	e in a	ssociate's net	S	5 1	,301,552	-	
Comprehensive loss attributable to Company	the C	Consolidated			(12,192)	(95,826)	
Increase of investment						1,111,982	
The Consolidated Company's share assets at end of year	e in a	ssociate's net		1	,289,360	1,016,156	
Less: unrealized gains					(16,321)	(7,123)	
Add: goodwill					102,489	102,489	
Carrying amounts of investments ac equity method	ccour	nted for using	S	<u> </u>	.,375,528	1,111,522	

2) The financial information of insignificant associates

The associates financial information of the Consolidated Company's equity-method associates, which were insignificant, was summarized as follows. The financial information was included in the Consolidated Company's consolidated financial statements.

	•	June 30, 2022	Decemb 202	,	une 30, 2021
Carrying amounts of insignificant associates	\$	9,622		13,059	12,575
	Fo	For the three months end June 30,		For the six mo June	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
Attributable to the Consolidated Company					
Profit from continuing operations	\$	(5,426)	(511)	(5,373)	(511)
Other comprehensive income	_	2,688	601	1,936	601
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(2,738)	90	(3,437)	90

3) The market value of public listed or OTC investees of the Consolidated Company accounted for using equity method was as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Cameo	\$ 1,184,159	1,567,876	1,540,370

The Consolidated Company originally held 17.35% shares of Cameo and accounted for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income \$414,471 thousand. The Consolidated Company increased investments amounted \$799,999 thousand in Cameo on February 17, 2021 and became to hold 41.58% shares of Cameo after increasing investments. Therefore, the Consolidated Company had a significant influence on Cameo and accounted for investments accounted for using equity methods.

- 4) The Consolidated Company invested \$12,485 thousand in T-COM, LLC in April 2021, with a shareholding ratio of 40%. Therefore, the Consolidated Company had a significant influence on T-COM, LLC and accounted for investments accounted for using equity methods.
- (ii) Pledges

As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, no investment accounted for using equity methods has been pledged as collateral.

(g) Subsidiaries have material non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests of subsidiary that were material to the Consolidated Company were as follows:

	Main operating location/	Ownership interests/voting rights held by NCI			
Name of subsidiary	Registered country of the Company	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021	
D-Link India	India	48.98 %	48.98 %	48.98 %	

The following summarizes the financial information for D-Link India prepared in accordance with the IFRS (modified for the fair value adjustments on acquisition) and the differences in the Consolidated Company's accounting policies. The information incurred prior to the inter-company eliminations with other companies in the Consolidated Company.

The financial information of D-Link India was summarized as follows:

		June 30, 2022	Decembe 2021	,	June 30, 2021
Current assets	\$	1,830,639	1,62	4,500	1,362,266
Non-current assets		571,639	54	1,480	543,769
Current liabilities		837,602	75	3,636	541,917
Non-current liabilities		18,327	1	5,976	21,357
Net assets	<u></u>	1,546,349	1,39	6,368	1,342,761
Net assets attributable to non-controlling interests	\$ <u></u>	\$ <u>586,751</u> 5		4,978	497,689
		For the three ended June		For the si ended	ix months June 30,
		2022	2021	2022	2021
Operating revenues	<u></u>	1,113,797	600,043	2,115,564	1,412,484
Net profit	\$	74,260	27,485	115,022	74,412
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	(4,276)	(40,476)	11,096	(40,054)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	69,984	(12,991)	126,118	34,358
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	\$	36,373	13,462	56,338	36,447
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	\$	34,278	(6,362)	61,773	16,829
Cash flows used in operating activities			\$	(53,488) (147,643)
Cash flows from investing activities				56,699	48,033
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities				197	(206)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			\$	3,408	(99,816)

(h) Property, plant and equipment

	For the six months ended June 30, 2022								
	-	Balance at uary 1, 2022	Increase	Decrease	Others	Balance at June 30, 2022			
Cost:									
Land	\$	544,139	-	-	7,092	551,231			
Buildings		864,812	419	-	80,277	945,508			
Others		1,223,381	26,214	(24,557)	34,037	1,259,075			
		2,632,332	26,633	(24,557)	121,406	2,755,814			
Accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings		546,482	7,937	-	22,216	576,635			
Others		1,111,125	32,183	(24,050)	32,480	1,151,738			
		1,657,607	40,120	(24,050)	54,696	1,728,373			
	\$	974,725	(13,487)	(507)	66,710	1,027,441			

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

	_	Balance at uary 1, 2021	Increase	Decrease	Others	Balance at June 30, 2021
Cost:						
Land	\$	544,586	-	-	(27)	544,559
Buildings		875,425	436	-	(5,887)	869,974
Others		1,360,132	17,614	(13,253)	(17,600)	1,346,893
		2,780,143	18,050	(13,253)	(23,514)	2,761,426
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings		534,595	7,844	-	(2,274)	540,165
Others		1,215,877	35,701	(12,670)	(15,463)	1,223,445
		1,750,472	43,545	(12,670)	(17,737)	1,763,610
	\$	1,029,671	(25,495)	(583)	(5,777)	997,816

As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, no property, plant and equipment has been pledged as collateral.

(i) Right-of-use assets

The Consolidated Company leases buildings, office equipment and transportation equipment. Information about leases is presented below:

		Buildings	Office equipment	Transportation equipment	Total
Cost:					
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	457,383	8,077	48,109	513,569
Increase		26,661	-	3,995	30,656
Decrease		(54,184)	(337)	(9,180)	(63,701)
Others	_	11,514	141	(424)	11,231
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	441,374	7,881	42,500	491,755
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	644,005	8,047	58,254	710,306
Increase		120,517	1,157	3,292	124,966
Decrease		(254,621)	(2,802)	(5,870)	(263,293)
Others	-	(19,607)	(285)	(2,791)	(22,683)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	490,294	6,117	52,885	549,296
Accumulated Depreciation:	_				
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	203,434	2,173	29,787	235,394
Increase		56,127	1,083	6,712	63,922
Decrease		(45,006)	(337)	(7,882)	(53,225)
Others	-	3,876	36	(236)	3,676
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	218,431	2,955	28,381	249,767
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	212,885	3,080	24,183	240,148
Increase		65,727	1,087	8,809	75,623
Decrease		(90,470)	(2,680)	(3,943)	(97,093)
Others	_	(5,058)	(99)	(1,306)	(6,463)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	183,084	1,388	27,743	212,215
Carrying amount:					
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	253,949	5,904	18,322	278,175
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	222,943	4,926	14,119	241,988
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	307,210	4,729	25,142	337,081

The Consolidated Company leases offices and warehouses under an operating lease for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, please refer to note 6(q).

(j) Investment property

	For the six months ended June 30, 2022							
	Balance at January 1, 2022				Balance at June 30, 2022			
Cost:								
Land	\$	30,000	-	-	30,000			
Buildings		22,196			22,196			
		52,196			52,196			
Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings		12,320	198		12,518			
Accumulated impairment:								
Buildings		1,000			1,000			
	\$	38,876	<u>(198</u>)		38,678			

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

	 llance at ary 1, 2021	Increase	Decrease	Balance at June 30, 2021
Cost:				
Land	\$ 30,000	-	-	30,000
Buildings	 22,196			22,196
	 52,196			52,196
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	 11,924	198		12,122
Accumulated impairment:				
Buildings	 1,000			1,000
	\$ 39,272	(198))	39,074
		ne 30, I 022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Book value	<u>\$</u>	38,678	38,876	39,074
Fair value	\$	65,042	51,328	51,328

Investment properties are commercial real estate that are leased to third parties. The lease contract includes an initial non-cancellable period of 3 years. Subsequent renewals are negotiated with the lessee and no contingent rents are charged. For further information of rental income, please refer to note 6(x). Besides, direct operating expenses related to investment property were \$286 thousand and \$290 thousand, \$286 thousand, and \$290 thousand for the three months ended and the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the fair value of investment property has been evaluated based on the comparable transactions of property similar in location and category.

As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, no investment property has been pledged as collateral.

(k) Intangible assets

	For the six months ended June 30, 2022							
		alance at nuary 1, 2022	Increase	Decrease	Amortization	Others	Balance at June 30, 2022	
Goodwill	\$	287,518	-	-	-	11,867	299,385	
Trademark		132,660	-	-	-	9,754	142,414	
Patents		15,027	-	-	(1,346)	-	13,681	
Computer software costs		19,139	-	-	(10,979)	-	8,160	
Other intangible assets		17,894	21,809	(27)	(5,809)	(22)	33,845	
	\$	472,238	21,809	(27)	(18,134)	21,599	497,485	

	alance at nuary 1, 2021	Increase	Decrease	Amortization	Others	Balance at June 30, 2021
Goodwill	\$ 295,459	-	-	-	(6,285)	289,174
Trademark	136,579	-	-	-	(3,057)	133,522
Patents	17,719	-	-	(1,346)	-	16,373
Computer software costs	43,113	3,689	-	(14,212)	-	32,590
Other intangible assets	 18,459	4,687	-	(9,431)	(241)	13,474
	\$ 511,329	8,376	-	(24,989)	(9,583)	485,133

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

(1) Long-term and short-term borrowings

As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the Consolidated Company had no long-term and short-term loans. The Consolidated Company's unused line of credit for long-term and short-term loans were as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Short-term loans \$	3,693,586	4,234,496	3,973,256
Long-term loans \$	-	500,000	500,000

(m) Other Payables

		June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Salary payable	\$	348,111	321,201	430,425
Dividend payable		180,453	531	455
Other payable-other	-	640,752	586,118	822,433
	\$_	1,169,316	907,850	1,253,313

(n) Lease liabilities

The amounts of lease liabilities for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021	
Current	<u></u>	126,052	142,551	155,745	
Non-current	\$	275,209	297,900	355,903	

The amounts recognized in profit or loss were as follows:

	For	the three mo June 3		For the six months ended June 30,		
		2022	2021	2022	2021	
Interests on lease liabilities	\$	3,589	4,584	7,130	8,808	
Expenses relating to short- term leases	\$	13,600	11,994	26,942	23,306	
COVID-19-related rent concessions	\$	(14)	(10)	(23)	(22)	

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

	F	or the six mon June 30	
		2022	2021
Total cash outflow for leases	\$	103,895	142,384

(i) Real estate leases

As of June 30, 2022, the Consolidated Company leases buildings for its office space. The leases of office space typically run for one to ten years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period of the same duration after the end of the contract term.

(ii) Other leases

The Consolidated Company also leases office equipment with contract terms of one to three years. In some cases, the Consolidated Company has options to purchase the assets at the end of the contract term; in other cases, the Consolidated Company guarantees the residual value of the leased assets at the end of the contract term.

(o) Current provisions

		Balance at January 1, 2022	Increased	Used	Reversed	Effect of exchange	Balance at June 30, 2022
Warranties	\$	114,732	3,448	(6,360)	-	(2,671)	109,149
Legal proceedings and royalties	_	119,067	80,260		-	8,755	208,082
	\$_	233,799	83,708	(6,360)	-	6,084	317,231

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

For the six months ended June 30, 2022

		Balance at January 1, 2021	Increased	Used	Reversed	Effect of exchange	Balance at June 30, 2021
Warranties	\$	127,303	5,947	(10,200)	-	(1,780)	121,270
Legal proceedings and royalties	_	132,650	2,425	(2,425)	-	(2,969)	129,681
	\$	259,953	8,372	(12,625)	-	(4,749)	250,951

(p) Refund liabilities

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
	2022	2021	2021
Refund liabilities	\$ <u>420,012</u>	456,699	464,935

Refund liabilities were predicted payments to the customers based on expected volume discounts and the right to the returned goods.

(q) Operating leases

The Consolidated Company leased out its investment property. The Consolidated Company has classified these leases as operating leases, because it does not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of the assets. Please refer to note 6(j) for the operating leases of investment property.

A maturity analysis of lease payments, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date were as follows:

		June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Within one year	\$	1,639	353	771
One to two years		855	-	-
Two to five years	_	321		
Total undiscounted lease payments	\$	2,815	353	771

(r) Employee benefits

In the prior fiscal year, there was no material volatility of the market, no material reimbursement and settlement or other material one-time events. As a result, pension costs in the interim consolidated financial statements were measured and disclosed according to the actuarial report for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

(i) Defined benefit pension plans

The expenses recognized in profit or loss were as follows:

	For the	For the three months ended June 30,			nths ended 30,
	2022		2021	2022	2021
Operating costs	<u>\$</u>	3	3	6	7
Operating expenses	\$	153	215	305	429

(ii) Defined contribution plans

The Company set aside 6% of the contribution rate of the employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account of the Bureau of the Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. The Company set aside a fixed amount to the Bureau of the Labor Insurance without the payment of additional legal or constructive obligations.

The Company's mainland subsidiaries have the basic endowment insurance in accordance with the pension regulations in China. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages and recognize as the current year's expenses. D-Link Europe and other consolidated subsidiaries' pension expenses are based on the current contributions.

The amount of the Consolidated Company's pension expenses under defined contribution pension plans was as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,			For the six mon June 3	
	2022		2021	2022	2021
Operating costs	\$	1,596	1,487	2,822	2,874
Operating expenses	\$	29,107	31,020	53,570	64,888

(s) Income Taxes

Income tax expenses are measured by the (loss) profit before tax in the interim consolidated financial statements multiplied by the effective tax rate for the whole year of the management's best estimation.

Income tax expenses for the Consolidated Company were summarized as follows:

	For the	three month June 30,	is ended	For the six months ended June 30,	
	2022		2021	2022	2021
Current income tax expense Deferred tax expense	\$ 1	9,080	15,696	35,666	28,669
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	7	7,301	17,884	60,866	34,075
Income tax expenses	\$ <u> </u>	6,381	33,580	96,532	62,744

The amount of income tax expense (benefit) recognized in other comprehensive income for the Consolidated Company was as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2022	2022	2021
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	\$ <u>95,207</u>	(21,042)	106,729	(30,164)

The income tax return of the Company has been examined by the tax authority through 2019. The income tax return of Yeotai has been examined by the tax authority through 2020.

(t) Capital and other equity

(i) Common stock

As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the authorized capital amounted to \$8,800,000 thousand (including \$750,000 thousand authorized for the issuance of the employee stock options). As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the paid-in capital consisted 599,837 thousand, 599,837 thousand and 651,996 thousand shares, with a par value of \$10 per share, amounting to \$5,998,365 thousand, \$5,998,365 thousand and \$6,519,961 thousand.

For the purpose of enhancing the return on equity and the structure of capital, the capital reduction through cashes \$521,596 thousand return to shareholders was proposed by the Consolidated Company's Board on March 17, 2021, capital reduction 8% of common shares. This capital reduction was approved by the shareholders' meeting on July 5, 2021, and had the effective registration by the competent Authority. The record date of the capital reduction is on September 1, 2021, and all relevant change registrations of the capital reduction was finished on October 5, 2021.

(ii) Capital surplus

The balances of capital surplus for the Consolidated Company were as follows:

		June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Common stock in excess of par value	\$	1,037,080	1,217,030	1,217,030
Treasury share transactions		39,310	39,310	39,310
Expiry of share-based payment transactions		129,459	129,459	129,459
Expiry of redeemed options of convertible corporate bonds		81,454	81,454	81,454
Changes in equities of the Consolidated Company's ownership interests in				
subsidiaries	_	55,320	55,320	55,320
Total	\$	1,342,623	1,522,573	1,522,573

According to the R.O.C. Company Act, realized capital surplus can only be reclassified as share capital or be distributed as cash dividends after offsetting against losses. The aforementioned realized capital surplus includes share premium and donation gains. According to the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, the amount of capital surplus to be reclassified under share capital should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year.

The Company's Board of Directors decided to distribute the cash dividends of \$0.3 per share of capital surplus on March 29, 2022.

(iii) Retained earnings

1) Legal reserve

According to the R.O.C. Company Act No. 237, the Company must retain 10% of its net profit as a legal reserve until such retention equals the total paid-in capital.

In accordance with Ruling No. 10802432410 issued by the Ministry of Economic Affairs on January 9, 2020, the amount of retained earnings allotted to legal reserve shall be calculated based on "net earnings after income taxes, plus any other amount recognized in undistributed retained earnings" since the earnings distribution in 2019. When the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be distributed as dividends in cash or stocks based on the resolution of the shareholders' meeting if there is no accumulated deficit.

2) Special reserve

In accordance with Ruling issued by the Financial Supervisory commission, a special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of other shareholders' equity shall be set aside from the current earnings and the prior unappropriated earnings. The Company shall not distribute the special reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of shareholders' equity from the prior fiscal years set aside from the prior unappropriated earnings. The amount of subsequent reversals pertaining to the net debt balance of other shareholders' equity shall qualify for distribution.

3) Earning distribution

In accordance with the Company's articles of incorporation, if there are earnings at yearend, 10 percent should be set aside as legal reserve until such retention equals the total paid-in capital after the payment of income tax and offsetting accumulated losses from prior years. Also set aside from or reverse special reserve in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act. The remaining portion will be combined with earnings from prior years, and the Board of Directors can propose appropriations of earnings to be approved by the shareholders' meeting.

The Company's appropriation of earnings for 2021 has no earnings to distribute after earnings being retained as legal reserve and special earnings. The appropriation of earnings for 2021 was approved by the shareholders' meeting on May 27, 2022.

The Company's appropriation of earnings for 2020 had been proposed in the Board meeting held on March 17, 2021. After offsetting accumulated losses from prior years, the Board of Directors decided to distribute cash dividends \$0.3 per share. The appropriation of earnings for 2020 was approved by the shareholders' meeting on July 5, 2021. Information on the appropriation of earnings for 2020 was available at the Market Observation Post System website.

4) Dividend policy

The Company has carried out its Residual Dividend Policy to align with the (i) whole market (ii) industrial growth characteristics (iii) long term financial plan (iv) talent acquisition, and (v) pursuing sustainable business development. After deducting the balance from the items mentioned above, the Board of Directors shall adopt a proposal for the residual balance and the previous year's earnings to be submitted for approval during the shareholders' meeting. The total amount of dividends to be distributed to the shareholders shall be no less than 30% of the distributable earnings for the current year. According to the budget plan for its capital, the Company shall distribute stock dividends to retain the required funds; and any remainder, which should not be less than 10% of the total dividends, can be distributed by cash.

(iv) Other equity

	on tı forei	nge differences anslation of gn financial atements	Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	(1,863,596)	(2,439)
The Consolidated Company		512,788	(14,699)
Associates		14,392	(10,167)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	(1,336,416)	(27,305)
	on tı forei	nge differences ranslation of ign financial ratements	Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	(1,520,585)	(88,606)
The Consolidated Company		(209,818)	61,493
Associates		(1,897)	(12,525)
Disposal		-	54,847
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	(1,732,300)	15,209

(v) Non-controlling interests

	For the six months ended June 30,		
		2022	2021
Balance at the beginning of the period	\$	524,978	480,860
Net income attributable to non-controlling interest:			
Net income		56,338	36,447
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	_	5,435	(19,618)
Balance at the end of the period	\$	586,751	497,689

(u) Earnings (loss) per share

The calculation of earnings (loss) per share of the Consolidated Company were as follows:

(i) Basic earnings (loss) per share

	For the three months ended June 30,			For the six months ended June 30,		
	20	22	2021	2022	2021	
Net profit (loss) of the parent company for the year	\$	3,321	(219,265)	(176,528)	(158,395)	
Outstanding ordinary shares		599,837	651,996	599,837	651,996	
Basic earnings (loss) pe share	r \$	0.01	(0.34)	(0.29)	(0.24)	

(ii) Diluted earnings (loss) per share

	For the three n June		For the six months ended June 30,		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Net profit (loss) of the parent company for the year	\$ <u>3,321</u>	(219,265)	(176,528)	(158,395)	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)	599,837	651,996	599,837	651,996	
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$ <u>0.01</u>	(0.34)	(0.29)	(0.24)	

(Continued)

Due to the antidilutive effect of the employees' compensation stock option for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the employees' compensation stock option was not considered when calculating the diluted earnings (loss) per share.

- (v) Revenue from contracts with customers
 - (i) The Consolidated Company's revenue from contracts with customers

	Fo	or the three mo June 3		For the six months ended June 30,		
Major product / service lines		2022	2021	2022	2021	
Network communication products	n \$	4,109,170	3,332,543	8,080,026	7,195,852	
Services		47,831	36,392	91,774	70,729	
	\$	4,157,001	3,368,935	8,171,800	7,266,581	
	Fo	or the three mo June 3		For the six mo June 3		
Primary geographical markets						
		June 3	30,	June 3	30,	
markets		June 3 2022	30, 2021	June 3 2022	30, 2021	
markets American		June 3 2022 280,260	2021 412,770	June 3 2022 625,417	2021 802,997	

(ii) Contract liabilities

1) The Consolidated Company recognized contract revenue related to contract liabilities:

	June 30,		December 31,	June 30,
	2022		2021	2021
Current contract liabilities (sales)	\$	209,660	134,833	130,211

2) The beginning contract liabilities were recognized as income of \$31,197 thousand, \$19,955 thousand, \$66,213 thousand, and \$48,539 thousand for the three months ended and the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(w) Employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration

In accordance with the Articles of Association, if the Company incur profit for the year, the Company should contribute a minimum of 1% to a maximum of 15% of annual profit as Employees' compensation and less than 1% of annual profit as Directors' remuneration. However, if the Company has accumulated deficits, the profit should be reserved to offset the deficits. The profit shall be considered as the annual income before tax, excluding Employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration. The amount of remuneration of directors and the compensation for employees shall be decided by two-third of the voting rights exercised by the directors present at the Board of Directors' meeting who represent a majority of the directors and reported at stockholders' meeting. The recipients of shares and cash may include the employees of the Company's affiliated companies who meet certain specific conditions.

The Company was not required to accrue Employee compensation and Directors' remuneration due to the loss for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

In 2021, the Company estimated its Employees' compensation amounting to \$12,621 thousand and Directors' remuneration amounting to \$1,262 thousand. Employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration had been proposed in the Board meeting held on March 29, 2022, and proposed report at the shareholders' meeting. Related information would be available at the Market Observation Post System website.

- (x) Other income and losses
 - (i) Interest income

		For t	he three mo June 30		For the six months ended June 30,		
		2	022	2021	2022	2021	
	Interest income from bank deposits Other interest income	\$	3,223 1,309	4,874	5,516 2,745	8,714	
	Total	\$	4,532	4,874	8,261	8,714	
(ii)	Other income						
		For t	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six mon June 30		
		2	022	2021	2022	2021	
	Rent income	\$	1,606	526	2,622	878	

(iii) Other gains and losses

	Fo	or the three mo June 3		For the six months ended June 30,	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
Gain on disposals of					
investments	\$	2,759	970	4,681	2,519
Foreign exchange					
losses		(144,732)	(13,913)	(188,537)	(25,221)
Valuation (losses) gains from financial					
assets and liabilities		36,328	(11,178)	24,886	(7,642)
Others		10,799	25,668	15,276	31,789
Total	\$	(94,846)	1,547	(143,694)	1,445

(iv) Finance costs

	F	or the three mo June 3		For the six months ended June 30,		
		2022	2021	2022	2021	
Interest expense	\$	(360)	(3,459)	(1,429)	(5,259)	
Lease liability interests		(3,589)	(4,584)	(7,130)	(8,808)	
Total	\$	(3,949)	(8,043)	(8,559)	(14,067)	

(y) Reclassification adjustments of components of other comprehensive income

Details of the reclassification adjustments of components of other comprehensive income were summarized as follow:

	F	or the six mon June 3	
		2022	2021
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements			
Change in exchange from the Consolidated Company	\$	619,517	(239,982)
Change in exchange from non-controlling interests		5,435	(19,618)
Change in exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements recognized in other comprehensive income	\$ <u></u>	624,952	(259,600)
Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity method			
Change in foreign currency exchange from associates	\$	14,392	(1,897)
Share of other comprehensive income	\$	14,392	(1,897)

(Continued)

(z) Financial instruments

- (i) Category of financial instruments
 - 1) Financial Assets

			June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,548,344	2,195,080	4,324,571
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current		237,463	279,344	178,694
	Notes receivable, accounts receivable and other receivables (including related parties)		3,713,133	3,704,572	3,016,518
	Finance lease payment receivable (current and non-current)		153,726	155,879	169,458
	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current		18,733	33,300	101,392
	Refundable deposits and other current assets	_	76,541	77,143	76,995
		\$	6,747,940	6,445,318	7,867,628
)	Financial liabilities				
			June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	\$	7,255	16,368	13,734
	Notes payable, accounts payable and other payables (including related parties)		4,047,195	3,532,487	4,048,629
	Guarantee deposits received		77,792	82,860	73,577
	Lease liability (current and non-		, -	, · · · ·	
	current)	_	401,261	440,451	511,648
		\$	4,533,503	4,072,166	4,647,588

(ii) Credit risk

2)

Exposure to credit risk:

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum amount exposed to credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the maximum exposure to credit risk has amounted to \$6,747,940 thousand, \$6,445,318 thousand and \$7,867,628 thousand, respectively.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The following table shows the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within six months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	Over five years
June 30, 2022							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Notes payable	\$ 173	173	173	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	2,230,040	2,230,040	2,230,040	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable - related parties	1 647,666	647,666	647,666	-	-	-	-
Other payables	1,169,316	1,169,316	1,169,316	-	-	-	-
Lease liability	401,261	427,074	77,058	60,217	103,993	179,636	6,170
Guarantee deposits received	77,792	77,792	77,792	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities							
Cross currency swaps							
Outflow	\$ 7,249	990,792	990,792	-	-	-	-
Inflow	-	984,248	984,248	-	-	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts							
Outflow	6	35,720	35,720	-	-	-	-
Inflow		35,671	35,671				
	\$ 4,533,503	6,598,492	6,248,476	60,217	103,993	179,636	6,170
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within six months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	Over five years
December 31, 2021	• •				1-2 years	2-5 years	
December 31, 2021 Non-derivative financial liabilities	• •				1-2 years	2-5 years	
Non-derivative financial	• •				1-2 years	2-5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities	amount	cash flows	months		1-2 years -	2-5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable	amount \$ 11 2,336,740	cash flows	months 11		1-2 years - -	2-5 years - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related	amount \$ 11 2,336,740	cash flows 11 2,336,740	11 2,336,740		1-2 years - - -	2-5 years - - -	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties	amount \$ 11 2,336,740 1 287,886	cash flows 11 2,336,740 287,886	11 2,336,740 287,886		1-2 years - - - 101,921	2-5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables	amount \$ 11 2,336,740 1 287,886 907,850	cash flows 11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850	months - - - -		-	years - - -
Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Lease liability Guarantee deposits	amount \$ 11 2,336,740 1 287,886 907,850 440,451	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850 469,512	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850 83,910	months - - - -		-	years - - -
Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Lease liability Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities	amount \$ 11 2,336,740 1 287,886 907,850 440,451	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850 469,512	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850 83,910	months - - - -		-	years - - -
Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Lease liability Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial	amount \$ 11 2,336,740 1 287,886 907,850 440,451	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850 469,512	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850 83,910	months - - - -		-	years - - -
Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Lease liability Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Cross currency swaps	amount \$ 11 2,336,740 1 287,886 907,850 440,451 82,860	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850 469,512 82,860	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850 83,910 82,860	months - - - -		-	years - - -
Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Lease liability Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Cross currency swaps Outflow	amount \$ 11 2,336,740 1 287,886 907,850 440,451 82,860 \$ 13,722 -	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850 469,512 82,860 1,883,133	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850 83,910 82,860 1,883,133	months - - - -		-	years - - -
Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Lease liability Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Cross currency swaps Outflow Inflow Forward foreign exchange	amount \$ 11 2,336,740 1 287,886 907,850 440,451 82,860 \$ 13,722 -	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850 469,512 82,860 1,883,133	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850 83,910 82,860 1,883,133	months - - - -		-	years - - -
Non-derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Accounts payable Accounts payable - related parties Other payables Lease liability Guarantee deposits received Derivative financial liabilities Cross currency swaps Outflow Inflow Forward foreign exchange contracts	amount \$ 11 2,336,740 1 287,886 907,850 440,451 82,860 \$ 13,722 -	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850 469,512 82,860 1,883,133 1,869,634	11 2,336,740 287,886 907,850 83,910 82,860 1,883,133 1,869,634	months - - - -		-	years - - -

(Continued)

	Carrying amount			Within six6-12monthsmonths		2-5 years	Over five years
June 30, 2021							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Notes payable	\$ 472	472	472	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	2,617,864	2,617,864	2,617,864	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable - related parties	d 176,980	176,980	176,980	-	-	-	-
Other payables	1,253,313	1,253,313	1,253,313	-	-	-	-
Lease liability	511,648	547,939	87,523	82,609	119,915	227,442	30,450
Guarantee deposits received	73,577	73,577	73,577	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities							
Cross currency swaps							
Outflow	\$ 13,447	2,027,687	2,027,687	-	-	-	-
Inflow	-	1,237,401	1,237,401	-	-	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts	2						
Outflow	287	895,145	895,145	-	-	-	-
Inflow		907,374	907,374				
	\$ 4,647,588	9,737,752	9,277,336	82,609	119,915	227,442	30,450

The Consolidated Company does not expect that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amount.

(iv) Currency risk

1) The Consolidated Company's significant exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows:

	June 30, 2022			De	December 31, 2021			June 30, 2021		
		Foreign urrency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD
Financial assets (note):										
Monetary items:										
CLP	\$	149,702	0.03	4,837	94,235	0.04	3,069	143,769	0.04	5,449
JPY		835,787	0.22	183,044	1,051,213	0.24	253,026	793,604	0.26	199,080
CAD		8,230	23.09	190,034	11,342	21.74	246,587	11,172	22.71	251,193
USD		220,456	29.73	6,553,382	173,724	27.69	4,810,424	183,766	27.87	5,121,558
MXN		2,210	1.49	3,288	2,274	1.38	3,059	2,412	1.38	3,395
BRL		8,969	5.68	50,898	41,159	4.96	204,229	22,839	5.01	127,246
AUD		5,318	20.52	109,112	5,750	20.08	115,478	5,424	21.67	113,339
			5	§ 7,094,595			5,635,872			5,821,260
Non-monetary items:										
USD	\$	7,581	29.73	225,362	10,210	27.69	282,716	6,161	27.87	171,709

	J	une 30, 2022		De	cember 31, 20	21		June 30, 2021	
	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD
Derivative instrument	ts:								
GBP	\$ 12	36.19	433	-	-	-	-	-	-
AUD	37	20.52	769	-	-	-	31	21.67	674
EUR	95	31.16	2,948	14	31.36	437	182	33.05	6,023
USD	194	29.73	5,778	-	-	-	1	27.87	28
JPY	2,625	0.22	575	1,163	0.24	280	-	-	-
RUB	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,129	0.39	820
BRL	917	5.68	5,203	-	-	-	208	5.01	1,044
CAD	2	23.09	50	-	21.74	4	40	22.71	915
KRW	23,569	0.03	634	-	-		-	-	
		\$	16,390			721			9,504
Financial liabilities (note)	:					·			
Monetary items:									
JPY	\$ 1,936,687	0.22	424,151	1,949,949	0.24	469,350	1,921,599	0.26	482,033
CAD	1,345	23.09	31,052	888	21.74	19,316	1,070	22.71	24,055
EUR	-	-	-	10,051	31.36	315,254	10,095	33.05	333,585
BRL	20,676	5.68	117,336	21,834	4.96	108,341	29,261	5.01	163,031
USD	139,955	29.73	4,160,300	114,882	27.69	3,181,083	145,454	27.87	4,053,814
CLP	171,779	0.03	5,551	162,786	0.04	5,301	168,809	0.04	6,399
AUD	1,492	20.52	30,614	1,668	20.08	33,494	2,160	21.67	45,134
MXN	101	1.49	151	111	1.38	150	109	1.38	154
		\$	4,769,155			4,132,289			5,108,205
Derivative instrument	ts:					·			
EUR	\$ -	-	-	119	31.36	3,736	170	33.05	5,605
GBP	-	-	-	16	37.39	607	-	-	-
CAD	1	23.09	32	9	21.74	187	-	-	-
JPY	17,785	0.22	3,895	29,626	0.24	7,131	10,623	0.26	2,738
KRW	-	-	-	3,866	0.03	104	6,952	0.03	187
BRL	-	-	-	264	4.96	1,309	-	-	-
USD	-	29.73	6	46	27.69	1,278	118	27.87	3,289
CNH	749	4.44	3,322	331	4.34	1,439	443	4.32	1,915
AUD	-	-	-	12	20.08	243	-	-	-
RUB	-	-		896	0.37	334	-	-	
		5	7,255			16,368			13,734

Note: Disclosure in the consolidated financial statements of the financial assets and liabilities in foreign currency is limited to information on subsidiaries directly held by the Company.

Since the Consolidated Company has various functional currencies, the information on foreign currency exchange gains and losses on monetary items is aggregately disclosed by total amount. The total foreign currency exchange losses, including realized and unrealized, were \$144,732 thousand, \$13,913 thousand, \$188,537 thousand, and \$25,221 thousand for the three months ended and the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The Consolidated Company's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, loans, accounts payable and other payables that are denominated in foreign currency. A 1.5% of appreciation (depreciation) of each consolidated components currency, other than the functional currency, against the functional currency for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 would have increased or decreased the net income (loss) after tax by \$30,668 thousand and \$10,536 thousand and increased or decreased the equity by \$64 thousand and \$38 thousand, respectively, assuming all other variables were held constant.

- (v) Assets and liabilities measured at fair value
 - 1) The information of levels in the fair value hierarchy

The Consolidated Company measures the financial instruments at fair value based on a recurring basis. The level of fair values was as follows:

		June 30, 2	2022	
Assets and liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Measured at fair value on recurring basis				
Non-derivative assets and liabilities				
Assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current \$	221,073	221,073	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	18,733	14,444	-	4,289
Derivative assets and liabilities				
Assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	16,390	-	16,390	-
Liabilities:				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	7,255	-	7,255	-
		December 3	1, 2021	
Assets and liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Measured at fair value on recurring basis				
Non-derivative assets and liabilities				
Assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current \$	278,623	278,623	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	33,300	29,207	-	4,093
				(Continued)

(Continued)

		December 3	1, 2021	
Assets and liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Derivative assets and liabilities				
Assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	721	-	721	-
Liabilities:				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	16,368	-	16,368	-
		June 30, 2	2021	
Assets and liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Measured at fair value on recurring basis				
Non-derivative assets and liabilities				
Assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current \$	169,190	169,190	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	101,392	98,873	-	2,519
Derivative assets and liabilities				
Assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	9,504	-	9,504	-
Liabilities:				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	13,734	-	13,734	-

2) Valuation techniques

The Consolidated Company measures the fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets by a quoted price. The market price of stock exchange is based on the listed equity instruments. For other financial instruments like forward currency option contracts, cross currency swaps and foreign currency option contracts, the Consolidated Company measures the fair value of its financial assets and liabilities using the observable inputs and the valuation technique from the perspective of market participants.

3) Transfer between Level 1 and Level 2

For the three months ended and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

4) Reconciliation of level 3 fair values

	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	4,093	
Recognized in other comprehensive income		196	
Balance at June 30, 2022	<u>\$</u>	4,289	
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	3,739	
Recognized in other comprehensive loss		(1,220)	
Balance at June 30, 2021	<u>\$</u>	2,519	

For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, total gains and losses that were included in unrealized gains and losses from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income were as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ende June 30,			
	2022		2021	2022		2021
Total gains and losses recognized	:					
In other comprehensive income, and presented in "unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets at fair value through other						
comprehensive income"	\$	(87)	(1,061)		196	(1,220)

5) Quantified information on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) used in fair value measurement

The Consolidated Company's financial instruments that use Level 3 inputs to measure fair value include fair value through other comprehensive income – equity investments.

Quantified information of significant unobservable inputs was as follows:

Item	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income- equity investments without an active market	Net Asset Value Method	Net Asset Value	Not applicable

- (vi) Assets and liabilities not measured at fair value
 - 1) Information of fair value

Except for those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of the Consolidated Company's financial instruments not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable/payable and other receivables/ payables, approximate their fair values. Moreover, lease liabilities are not measured at fair value.

	June 3	0, 2022	December	r 31, 2021	June 3	0, 2021
	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value
Non-financial assets:						
Investment property	\$ <u>38,678</u>	65,042	38,876	51,328	39,074	51,328
			June	30, 2022		
Assets and liabiliti	ies	Fotal	Level 1	Leve	el 2	Level 3
Non-financial assets:						
Investment property	v \$	65,042	-	-		65,042
			Decem	ber 31, 2021		
Assets and liabiliti	ies	Fotal	Level 1	Leve	el 2	Level 3
Non-financial assets:						
Investment property	v \$	51,328	-	-		51,328
			June	30, 2021		
Assets and liabiliti	ies	Fotal	Level 1	Leve	el 2	Level 3
Non-financial assets:						
Investment property	\$	51,328	-	-		51,328

Inter-relationship

2) Valuation techniques

The assumptions used by the Consolidated Company to determine the fair value were as follows:

- a) The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and other financial instruments that approximate their fair value due to their short maturities or similar to the future receipt and payment price.
- b) The fair value of investment property that was based on the comparable deal information with similar location and category.
- (aa) Financial risk management
 - (i) Overview

The Consolidated Company was exposed to the following risks rising from financial instruments:

- 1) Credit risk
- 2) Liquidity risk
- 3) Market risk

The following likewise discusses the Consolidated Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing the above-mentioned risks. For more disclosures about the quantitative effects of these risk exposures, please refer to the respective notes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

(ii) Structure of risk management

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The Board has given the department directors a task to establish and dominate regulations of risk management to effectively ensure operations of risk management. The personnel change in department directors should be reported to the Board of Directors.

The Consolidated Company use internal control systems, risk management procedures, and regulations of risk management as the basis of various business risk management standards. The Consolidated Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Consolidated Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Consolidated Company's activities. The Consolidated Company, through training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Board of Directors and Audit Committee oversee how management monitors compliance with the Consolidated Company's risk management policies and procedures and review the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Consolidated Company. The Board of Directors and Audit Committee are assisted in their oversight role by Internal Audit. Internal Audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Board of Directors and Audit Committee.

(iii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Consolidated Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Consolidated Company's receivables from customers, investment in securities and hedge derivatives.

1) Accounts receivable

The credit risk exposure of the Consolidated Company arises from the operations and financial conditions of each customer and the political and economic stability of the Consolidated Company's customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate in. However, the Consolidated Company operates worldwide, and thus, risk is diversified. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, revenue from each customer does not exceed 10% of the Consolidated Company's revenue, therefore, there is no concentration of credit risk.

The Consolidated Company has completed in setting the credit risk management policies, and has established Institutional Credit Review Committee and Credit Risk Management Department, which are responsible for managing credit policies and client's credit risk. Based on the global risk management, credit rating and analysis are required to customers on credit in advance and granted credit limits. For customers who made their payments other than cash, regular reviews on credit limits are required to ensure the creditworthiness of customers.

Allowance for bad debt is set based on the lifetime expected credit loss of each customer. In order to mitigate the risk of default, the Consolidated Company has purchased guarantees, with appropriate insured amount for customers in high-risk countries. High risks customers without insurance should make their payments in advance or provide sufficient credit guarantees. In addition, when the creditworthiness of customers worsens, they should be placed on a restricted customer list. The credit rating for these customers should be downgraded and the transactions on sales credit should be restricted.

The Consolidated Company has set the allowance for bad debt account to reflect the possible losses on accounts and other receivables. The allowance for bad debt account consists of specific losses relating to individually significant exposure from customers with financial difficulties or operating conflicts. The allowance for bad debt account is based on expected credit loss and historical collection record of similar financial assets or the possibility of breaching the contracts.

2) Investment in securities and derivative financial instruments

The credit risk exposure in the bank deposits, fixed income investments and derivative financial instrument are measured and monitored by the Consolidated Company's finance department. As the Consolidated Company will select financial institutions with good credit ratings as its counterparties and diversify its investment in different financial institutions, and do not expect to have any default risks and significant concentration of credit risk.

3) Guarantees

The Consolidated Company's policies is to provide financial guarantees only to wholly owned subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the Consolidated Company has not provided any guarantees to a third party.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Consolidated Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Consolidated Company's approach to manage liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Consolidated Company's reputation. The Consolidated Company aims to maintain the level of its cash and short-term bank facilities at an amount in excess of expected cash flows on financial liabilities over the succeeding 60 days. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters. The Consolidated Company had unused credit facilities for \$3,693,586 thousand as of June 30, 2022.

(v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates or equity prices that affects the Consolidated Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters to minimize the influence on change in market price or control within expectable scope.

The Consolidated Company buys and sells derivatives, and also incurs financial liabilities, in order to manage market risks. All such transactions are carried out within the guidelines of risk management.

1) Currency risk

The Consolidated Company is exposed to currency risk on sales, purchases and loans that are denominated in currencies other than its respective functional currencies. The functional currencies of the Consolidated Company are primarily denominated in US Dollars (USD) and New Taiwan Dollars (TWD) and include denominated in Euro (EUR), Chinese Yuan (CNY), Japanese Yen (JPY) and Brazilian Real (BRL) of other countries in which the subsidiaries registered. Purchases are mainly denominated in USD while sales are denominated in USD, EUR, CNY, TWD, British Pounds (GBP),

Australian Dollar (AUD), Canadian Dollar (CAD), JPY, South Korean Won (KRW), Russian Ruble (RUB), Indian Rupee (INR), Indonesian Rupiah (IDR), BRL, and so on.

At any point in time, the Consolidated Company hedges its currency risk based on its actual and forecast sales over the following six months. The Consolidated Company also uses nature hedges to hedge the net risk position after offseting assets and liabilities denominated in the same foreign currencies and maintained the hedge ratio at 50% and above. The Consolidated Company uses forward exchange contracts and foreign-exchange options, with a maturity of less than one year from the reporting date, to hedge its currency risks.

Generally, the currencies of loans in the Consolidated Company are denominated in its functional currencies and are incorporated in net exposure on loan requirement denominated in foreign currencies as mentioned above to ensure the net exposure is maintained at acceptable level.

Transactions in derivative financial instruments adopt economic hedge to prevent currency risk from financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. The gains and losses of hedged items are expected to offset gains or losses that arise from the fluctuations in exchange rates. The valuation gains and losses on financial assets consist of transactions that do not qualify as hedging accounting.

2) Interest rate risk

The Consolidated Company's bank loans are at fixed rate. Therefore, the change in market interest rate will not affect the cash flow of the future interest payment of the Consolidated Company, hence, there is no significant interest rate risk.

3) Other price risks

The Consolidated Company holds both monetary funds and bond funds, where their prices are affected by changes in mutual funds. The abovementioned mutual funds are widely used as fixed income investments, with large market scale, stable market prices, and high liquidity. The Consolidated Company is held for the purpose of short-term capital allocation with a period of approximately 3 months. The finance department will monitor the changes in market and dispose of the investments, if necessary.

(ab) Capital management

The Consolidated Company's fundamental management objective is to maintain a strong capital base. Capital consists of ordinary shares, capital surplus, retained earnings and other equities. The Board of Directors monitors the capital structure regularly and selects the optimal capital structure by considering the capital scale, overall operating environment, operating characteristics of the industry in order to support future development of the business. The current aim for debt-to-equity ratio is set within 100%. As of the reporting date, the debt-to-equity ratio is considered appropriate.

Debt-to-equity ratio:

		June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Total liabilities	\$	6,094,094	5,501,528	6,051,184
Less: cash and cash equivalents	_	(2,548,344)	(2,195,080)	(4,324,571)
Net debt	<u>\$</u>	3,545,750	3,306,448	1,726,613
Total equity	\$	9,209,945	9,002,336	9,435,302
Debt-to-equity ratio	=	38.50%	36.73%	18.30%

As of June 30, 2022, the methods of the Consolidated Company's capital management remained unchanged.

(ac) Investing and financing activities not affecting current cash flow

Information of non-cash-traded investing and financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

- (i) For right-to-use assets, please refer to note 6(i).
- (ii) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities were as follows:

				No	n-cash change	S	
	Ja	anuary 1, 2022	Cash flows	Exchange	Fair value changes	Others	June 30, 2022
Lease liabilities	\$	440,451	(69,823)	-	-	30,633	401,261
Others		82,860	(5,068)				77,792
Total liabilities from financing activities	\$_	523,311	(74,891)			30,633	479,053
				No	n-cash change	S	
	J٤	anuary 1, 2021	Cash flows	No Exchange	n-cash change Fair value changes	s Others	June 30, 2021
Lease liabilities	Ja \$	e ,	Cash flows (110,270)		Fair value		June 30, 2021 511,648
Lease liabilities Others		2021			Fair value	Others	,

(7) Related-party transactions:

(a) Names and relationship with related parties

The followings are entities that have transactions with related party during the periods covered in the consolidated financial statement:

Name of related party	Relationship with the Consolidated Company
Cameo Communication, Inc.	An associate (Due to increasing shareholding in February 2021, the Consolidated Company became to have significant influence with it and the relationship changed from the corporate director to an associate.)
Perfect Choice Co., Ltd.	An associate
T-COM, LLC (T-COM)	An associate
Yeochia Investment Ltd.	An associate (On November 16, 2021, the shareholders agreed to dissolve the company from December 1, 2021)
Yeomao Investment Inc.	An associate (On November 16, 2021, the Board of Directors agreed to dissolve the company from December 1, 2021)
Amigo Technology Inc.	Other related party
Amit Wireless Inc.	Other related party
Sapido Technology Inc.	Other related party
E-Sheng Steel Co., Ltd.	Other related party

(b) Significant related party transactions

(i) Sales and service revenue

	Foi	r the three mo June 30		For the six months ended June 30,			
		2022	2021	2022	2021		
Associates	\$	32,105	113	36,121	114		
Others		1,015	-	2,458	-		
	\$	33,120	113	38,579	114		

The average credit terms extended to related parties and third-party customers were approximately 30-90 days. However, credit terms to related parties might be further extended when necessary.

(ii) Purchases

	Fo	or the three m June 3		For the six months ended June 30,		
	2022		2021	2022	2021	
Associates:						
Cameo	\$	327,396	267,510	623,012	565,201	
Other related parties:						
Amigo		247,816	136	432,890	136	
Amit		245		2,010		
	\$	575,457	267,646	1,057,912	565,337	

The payment term of related parties was 30-90 days. There were no significant differences in payment terms between related parties and third-party suppliers.

(iii) Receivables from related parties

Account	Relationship		June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Accounts receivable	Associates-Cameo	\$	-	86	94
Accounts receivable	Associates-T-COM		4,522	10,101	-
Accounts receivable	Other related parties-Other		137	-	9
Other receivables	Associates-Cameo		-	-	33
Other receivables	Associates-Yeochia		71,169	71,169	-
Other receivables	Associates-Yeomao		143,616	143,616	-
Other receivables	Other related parties-Amigo		6,361	21,942	7,670
Other receivables	Other related parties-Amit		-	5,573	-
Prepayment for purchase	Associates-Cameo	_	-		14,011
		<u></u>	225,805	252,487	21,817

The Consolidated Company's other receivables to Associates – Yeochia and Yeomao were arising from the Company's liquidation equity.

(iv) Payables to related parties

Account	Relationship		June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Accounts payable	Associates-Cameo	\$	368,694	176,131	176,838
Accounts payable	Other related parties-Amigo		278,774	109,935	142
Accounts payable	Other related parties – Amit		198	1,820	-
Other payables	Associates-Cameo		2,038	6,310	10,883
Other payables	Other related parties-Amigo		2,892	-	-
Other payables	Other related parties – Amit		1,807	659	-
Contract liabilities	Associates-T-COM	_	76,467		-
		\$	730,870	294,855	187,863

The Consolidated Company's other payables to associates included equipment payables and others.

(v) Property transaction

Property, plant, equipment and intangible assets acquired

The acquisition of property, plant, equipment and intangible assets from the related parties were as follows:

	For	r the three mo June 3		For the six months ended June 30,		
	2022		2021	2022	2021	
Associates:						
Cameo	\$	1,501	-	3,917	321	
Other related parties:						
Amigo		13,838	-	13,838	-	
Amit		180	-	472	-	
	\$	15,519	-	18,227	321	

(vi) Overdue payment

The Consolidated Company's temporary payments for purchasing materials from related parties, and the amount of the overdue payment was as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Other related parties:			
Amigo	\$	592 -	

About the above overdue payments, the Consolidated Company accrued interest of \$327 thousand on loan basis.

(vii) Services purchased from related parties

The services purchased from related parties were as follows:

	For	the three mon June 30		For the six months ended June 30,		
	2022		2021	2022	2021	
Associates:						
Cameo	\$	439	10,360	520	10,397	
Other related parties:						
Amigo		1,528	-	2,778	308	
Amit		1,541	-	1,546	-	
	\$	3,508	10,360	4,844	10,705	

(viii) Other income and losses

	For the			hree r June	nonths ended 30,	For the six months ended June 30,	
Account	Relationship		2022		2021	2022	2021
Other gains and losses	Other related parties-Amigo	\$	-		-	96	-
Other interest income	Other related parties-Amigo			95		327	
		\$		95		423	

Other income and losses were composed of interest income and gain on disposal of miscellaneous equipment from other related parties.

(ix) Lease

The Consolidated Company leased the office building to other related parties – Amigo and entered into a one-year lease agreement for \$3,663 thousand with reference to the office rental rate in the neighboring areas in October 2021. For six months ended June 30, 2022, the Consolidated Company recognized rent income of \$1,744 thousand.

The Consolidated Company also leased the office building to Cameo and entered into a oneyear lease agreement for \$640 thousand in March 2022. For six months ended June 30, 2022, the Consolidated Company recognized rent income of \$175 thousand.
(c) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

	For the three mo June 3		For the six months ended June 30,			
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Short-term employee benefits \$	11,474	12,890	19,900	35,482		
Post-employee benefits	224	376	478	758		
\$	11,698	13,266	20,378	36,240		

(8) Pledged assets:

The carrying values of pledged assets were as follows:

Pledged assets	Object	J	une 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Other current assets and other non-current assets	Rental deposits, performance bond and time deposits	\$ <u></u>	76,541	77,143	76,995

(9) Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized commitments:

- (a) XR Communications, LLC and DBA Vivato Technologies filed a lawsuit against the Consolidated Company's subsidiary, D-Link Systems, in April 2017, alleging that some of the D-Link Systems' products infringed its patents. D-Link Systems has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (b) The Consolidated Company's subsidiary, D-Link Brazil, had disputes regarding prior year's insufficient invoices attached to sales return with the local tax authorities, and had filed litigation. D-Link Brazil had accrued possible tax, interest and penalty.
- (c) The Consolidated Company's subsidiary, D-Link India, had disputes regarding prior year's declaration tax on customs with the local tax authorities. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (d) UNM Rainforest Innovations filed a lawsuit against the Company in February 2020, alleging that some of the D-Link's products infringed its patents. The Company has retained its attorneys in the US and is currently building defense with product suppliers. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.

- (e) Israel Consumers Council filed a group lawsuit against the Consolidated Company's subsidiary, D-Link International, in 2020, alleging that D-Link International was suspected of restricting product resale prices in Israel. D-Link International has appointed its attorneys to handle and negotiate a settlement. Based on its evaluation, the Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (f) Atlas Global filed a lawsuit against the Company in 2022, alleging that some of the D-Link's products infringed its patents. The Company has appointed attorneys to defend the lawsuit. The Consolidated Company believes the litigation will not have any significant impact on its current operations.
- (g) The Consolidated Company is currently under negotiations with a number of companies regarding the royalty on patents. In addition to the abovementioned lawsuits, there are other disputes that are in the negotiation process, and therefore the amount of liabilities is unclear. The Consolidated Company has accrued the possible expense.

(10) Losses Due to Major Disasters: None.

(11) Subsequent Events: None.

(12) Other:

(a) The information on employee benefits, depreciation, and amortization expenses, by function, is summarized as follows:

		For th	e three mont	ths ended Ju	ne 30,		
		2022		2021			
By function By item	Cost of Goods Sold	Operating Expense	Total	Cost of Goods Sold	Operating Expense	Total	
Employee benefits							
Salaries	17,038	478,413	495,451	15,320	537,087	552,407	
Labor and health insurance	624	23,900	24,524	589	32,568	33,157	
Pension	1,599	29,260	30,859	1,490	31,235	32,725	
Others	2,077	53,119	55,196	2,325	59,270	61,595	
Depreciation	2,585	49,035	51,620	3,755	55,802	59,557	
Amortization	8	9,465	9,473	12	13,565	13,577	

D-LINK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES	
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	

		For t	he six month	s ended Jun	e 30,			
		2022		2021				
By function By item	Cost of Goods Sold	Operating Expense	Total	Cost of Goods Sold	Operating Expense	Total		
Employee benefits								
Salaries	32,986	947,711	980,697	31,620	1,093,667	1,125,287		
Labor and health insurance	1,309	50,855	52,164	1,183	67,272	68,455		
Pension	2,828	53,875	56,703	2,881	65,317	68,198		
Others	4,414	109,922	114,336	4,469	127,001	131,470		
Depreciation	5,607	98,633	104,240	7,428	111,938	119,366		
Amortization	16	18,118	18,134	18	24,971	24,989		

(b) Seasonality of operations

The Consolidated Company's operations were not effected by seasonality or cyclicality factors.

(13) Other disclosures:

(a) Information on significant transactions:

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" for the Consolidated Company:

(i) Loans to other parties:

													(In T	Thousands of	New Taiwan	Dollars)
Number	Name of lender	Name of borrower	Account	Related	Highest balance of financing to other parties during the period	Ending balance	Actual usage amount during the period	Range of interest rates during the period (%)	Purposes of fund financing for the borrower	Transaction amount for business between two parties	Reasons for short-term financing	Allowance for bad debt	Colli	ateral Value	Individual funding loan limits (Note)	Maximum limit of fund financing (Note)
1	D-Link International	D-Link Corporation	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	594,520	594,520	594,520	-	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	2,888,517	2,888,517
1	D-Link International	D-Link (Shiang Hai)	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	44,372	44,372	16,418	4.00	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	2,888,517	2,888,517
1	D-Link International	D-Link (Shiang Hai)	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	575,673	575,673	575,673	-	2		Convert from Account receivables to loan receivable	-	-	-	2,888,517	2,888,517
1	D-Link International	Amigo	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	12,818	2,592	2,592	-	1	148,826	Operating Capital		-	-	2,888,517	2,888,517
1	D-Link International	D-Link Brazil	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	59,452	59,452	-	-	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	2,888,517	2,888,517
2	D-Link Russia Investment	1	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	731,260	731,260	728,287	-	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	742,909	742,909
3	D-Link Japan K.K.		Other receivables- related parties	Yes	394,215	394,215	394,215	0.50	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	612,337	612,337
4	D-Link (Deutschland) GmbH	D-Link Europe	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	155,824	155,824	96,611	1.00	2	-	Operating Capital	-	-	-	184,450	184,450

Note 1: Purpose of fund financing for the borrower:

1. For those companies with business transaction with the Company, please fill in 1.

2. For those companies with short-term financing needs, please fill in 2.

Note 2: Total amount of loans from D-Link International to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link International.

Note 3: Total amount of loans from D-Link Russia Investment to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Russia Investment. The ending amount and funding loan limits are calculated by the unaudited balance.

Note 4: Total amount of loans from D-Link Japan K.K. to the Company shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Japan K.K. The ending amount and funding loan limits are calculated by the unaudited balance.

Note 5: Total amount of loans from D-Link Deutschland GmbH to the Company and the ultimate parent company's 100% directly or indirectly owned overseas subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of D-Link Deutschland GmbH. The ending amount and funding loan limits are calculated by the unaudited balance.

Note 6: Only disclose funding loan limits that are still valid until the June 30, 2022.

(ii) Guarantees and endorsements for other parties:

											(In Thousand	s of New Taiwar	n Dollars)
N	Name of . guarantor	guara	rsement Relationship	Limitation on amount of guarantees and endorsements for a specific enterprise		Balance of guarantees and endorsements as of reporting date		Property pledged for guarantees and endorsements Amount	Ratio of accumulated amounts of guarantees and endorsements to net worth of the latest financial statements		endorsements /guarantees to third parties on behalf of	endorsements/ guarantees to third parties	· ·
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Europe	2	1,999,455	116,120	116,120	59,633	-	1.39 %	5,998,365	Y	N	N
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Shiang-Hai	2	1,999,455	74,315	74,315	-	-	0.89 %	5,998,365	Y	N	Y
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Trade	2	1,999,455	14,863	14,863	-	-	0.18 %	5,998,365	Y	N	N

Note 1: The endorsement and guarantee amount for a single company shall not exceed 1/3 of the Company's capital.

Note 2: The total amount of endorsement and guarantee shall not exceed the Company's capital.

Note 3: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into following categories:

1. Having business relationship.

 $2. \ \ \, {\rm The \ Company \ owns \ more \ than \ 50\% \ equity \ shares \ in \ the \ entity, \ directly \ or \ indirectly.}$

3. An entity owns more than 50% equity shares in the Company, directly or indirectly.

Note 4: The amounts in New Taiwan Dollars were translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

(iii) Securities held as of June 30, 2022 (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures):

	Category and				Ending	balance		
Name of holder	name of security	Relationship with company	Account title	Shares/Units	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value	Note
D-Link Corporation	EHOO	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	749,663	-	4.11 %	-	
D-Link Corporation	EWAVE	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	83,334	-	1.89 %	-	
D-Link Corporation	TGC	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	500,000	-	1.84 %	-	
D-Link Corporation	YICHIA Information Corporation	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	73,500	-	6.68 %	-	
D-Link Corporation	UBICOM	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	926,814	-	3.05 %	-	
D-Link Corporation	PurpleComm, Inc.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	3,385,417	-	14.10 %	-	
D-Link Corporation	Global Mobile Corp.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	6,600,000	-	2.39 %	-	
D-Link Holding	Best 3C	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	600,000	-	1.88 %	-	
D-Link Holding	E2O	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current	252,525	-	0.05 %	-	
Yeotai	Stemcyte	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	18,950	201	0.01 %	201	
reotai	Kaimei	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	289,178	14,444	0.21 %	14,444	
D-Link India	ICICI MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	349,954	41,934	-	41,934	
D-Link India	ADITYA BIRLA MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	173,302	22,607	-	22,607	
D-Link India	NIPPON INDIA MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	11,418	22,604	-	22,604	
D-Link India	TATA MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	21,673	27,452	-	27,452	
D-Link India	HDFC MUTUAL FUND	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	26,290	41,820	-	41,820	

	Category and				Ending balance			
Name of holder	name of security	Relationship with company	Account title	Shares/Units	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value	Note
	AXIS MUTUAL FUND		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	46,880			41,980	
	L&T LIQUID FUND		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	20,568	22,676	-	22,676	

(iv) Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None

- (v) Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (vi) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (vii) Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

				Transacti	on details			ns with terms from others		Accounts ble (payable)	
Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Purchase/ (Sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ (Sales)	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms		Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Note
D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	Subsidiary	(Sales and service revenue)	(538,769)	16 %	60 days	—	-	274,823	17%	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	Subsidiary	(Sales and service revenue)	(286,324)	8 %	75 days	—	-	296,174	18%	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Europe	Subsidiary	(Sales and service revenue)	(639,104)	19 %	60 days	_	_	273,452	17%	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	Subsidiary	(Sales and service revenue)	(625,751)	19 %	60 days	_	-	396,229	24%	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Japan	Subsidiary	(Sales and service revenue)	(155,094)	5 %	60 days	-	-	36,898	2%	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link India	Subsidiary	(Sales and service revenue)	(446,441)	13 %	45 days			143,393	9%	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Trade	Subsidiary	(Sales and service revenue)	(140,493)	4 %	180 days	-	-	-	-	
D-Link Corporation	Cameo	Cameo is an associate of the consolidated corporation	Purchase	609,840	20 %	90 days	-	-	(368,552)	(20)%	
D-Link Corporation	AMIGO	Other related party	Purchase	418,378	14 %	90 days			(278,782)	(15)%	
D-Link International	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	476,091	46 %	60 days	-	-	(274,823)	(63)%	
D-Link Systems	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	297,523	89 %	75 days	-	-	(296,174)	(57)%	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	637,087	67 %	60 days	-	-	(273,452)	(73)%	
D-Link ME	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	625,453	38 %	60 days	_	-	(396,229)	(45)%	
D-Link Japan	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	150,303	75 %	60 days			(36,898)	(100)%	
D-Link India	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	416,709	20 %	45 days	_	-	(143,393)	(22)%	
D-Link Trade	D-Link Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	140,493	-	180 days			-	-	
D-Link International	D-Link Europe	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sales)	(316,253)	(18) %	60 days	_	-	13,530	1%	
D-Link International	D-Link ME	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sales)	(237,116)	(14) %	60 days	_	-	385,227	18%	

				Transacti	on details			s with terms rom others		/Accounts ble (payable)	
Name of company	Related party		Purchase/ (Sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ (Sales)	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms		Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Note
D-Link International		The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	(Sales)	(338,622)	(20) %	180 days			699,913	33%	
	International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	316,253	33 %	60 days			(13,530)	(4)%	
	International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	237,116	14 %	60 days			(385,227)	(43)%	
	International	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	Purchase	338,622	62 %	180 days			(699,913)	(96)%	

Note : The transactions had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(viii) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

							(In Thousands of New	Taiwan Dollars)
Name of		Nature of	Ending	Turnover	Overdu	e (Note 1)	Amounts received in	Allowance
company	Related party	relationship	balance	rate	Amount	Action taken	subsequent period (Note 2)	for bad debts
D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	Subsidary	273,452	6.58	-	-	-	-
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	Subsidary	296,174	4.02	-	-	-	-
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Europe	Subsidary	273,452	9.06	-	=	119,476	-
D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	Subsidary	396,229	6.29	-	-	-	-
D-Link Corporation	D-Link India	Subsidary	143,393	10.49	-	-	9,863	-
D-Link International	D-Link ME	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	385,227	1.01	253,531	-	-	-
D-Link International	D-Link L.A.	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	618,079	-	617,978	-	-	-
D-Link International	D-Link Brazil	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	241,661	-	241,661	-	-	-
D-Link International	D-Link Trade	The ultimate parent company is D-Link Corporation	699,913	0.93	-	-	-	-

Note 1: Over three months during the normal credit period.

Note 2: The amount represents collections subsequent to June 30, 2022 up to July 14, 2022.

Note 3: The transactions had been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(ix) Trading in derivative instruments:

				(In Thous	sands of New Ta	aiwan Dollars)
Company Name	Derivative Instruments Category	Holding Purpose	-	Contract Amount Book Valu		Fair Value
		Non-trading:				
D-Link Corporation	Cross currency swap	USD	USD	19,700	5,777	5,777
D-Link Corporation	Cross currency swap	GBP	GBP	800	433	433
D-Link Corporation	Cross currency swap	EUR	EUR	6,300	1,340	1,340
D-Link Corporation	Cross currency swap	AUD	AUD	1,200	769	769
D-Link Corporation	Forward foreign exchange contract	EUR (Sell)	EUR	4,000	1,608	1,608
D-Link Corporation	Forward foreign exchange contract	CAD (Sell)	CAD	700	50	50

Company Name	Derivative Instruments Category	Holding Purpose	~	ontract Amount	Book Value	Fair Value
D-Link Corporation	Forward foreign exchange contract	JPY (Sell)	JPY	100,000	575	575
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	BRL (Sell)	BRL	30,312	5,203	5,203
D-Link International	Forward foreign exchange contract	KRW (Sell)	KRW	3,476,340	634	634
D-Link India	Forward foreign exchange contract	INR (Sell)	INR	31,590	1	1
D-Link Corporation	Cross currency swap	JPY	JPY	1,800,000	(3,895)	(3,895)
D-Link Corporation	Cross currency swap	CAD	CAD	600	(32)	(32)
D-Link International	Cross currency swap	CNH	CNH	130,670	(3,322)	(3,322)
D-Link India	Forward foreign exchange contract	INR (Sell)	INR	94,907	(6)	(6)

(x) Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions:

			N (C			(ousands of New Taiwan Dollars)		
			Nature of	onship Account name Amount Trading terms Percentage on net revenue					
No.	Name of company	Name of counter-party	relationship	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	net revenue or total assets		
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,340,997	-	9%		
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Canada	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	245,056	-	2%		
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	2,489,074	-	16%		
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Holding	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,718,549	-	11%		
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Australia	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	172,156	-	1%		
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	958,906	-	6%		
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Japan	1	Investments accounted for using equity method	657,254	-	4%		
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link L.A.	1	Investments accounted for using equity method-credit	(607,409)	-	(4)%		
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	1	Sales and service revenue	538,769	-	7%		
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	1	Sales and service revenue	286,324	-	4%		
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Europe	1	Sales and service revenue	639,104	75 Days	8%		
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	1	Sales and service revenue	625,751	60 Days	8%		
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Australia	1	Sales and service revenue	99,355	60 Days	1%		

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			Nature of		Interc	ompany transaction	15
No.	Name of company		relationship	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidate net revenue or total assets
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Japan	1	Sales and service revenue	155,094	60 Days	2%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link India	1	Sales and service revenue	446,441	60 Days	5%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Trade	1	Sales	140,493	-	2%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	1	Accounts receivable-related party	273,452	-	2%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	1	Accounts receivable-related party	296,174	-	2%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link Europe	1	Accounts receivable–related party	273,452	75 Days	2%
0	D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	1	Accounts receivable-related party	396,229	90 Days	3%
1	D-Link Holding	D-Link Mauritius	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	978,221		6%
1	D-Link Holding	D-Link Europe	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	1,052,097		7%
1	D-Link Holding	Success Stone	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	213,998	-	1%
1	D-Link Holding	D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc.	3	Investments accounted for using equity method-credit	(547,704)	-	(4)%
2	D-Link International	D-Link ME	3	Accounts receivable-related party	385,227	60 Days	3%
2	D-Link International	D-Link L.A.	3	Accounts receivable-related party	618,079	75 Days	4%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Brazil	3	Accounts receivable-related party	241,661	75 Days	2%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Trade	3	Accounts receivable-related party	699,913	180 Days	5%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Europe	3	Sales	316,253	60 Days	4%
2	D-Link International	D-Link ME	3	Sales	237,116	60 Days	3%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Trade	3	Sales	338,622	180 Days	4%
2	D-Link International	D-Link Russia Investment	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	742,909	-	5%
3	D-Link Mauritius	D-Link India	3	Investments accounted for using equity method	959,587	-	6%
4	D-Link Shiang-Hai (Cayman) Inc.	D-Link Shiang-Hai	3	Investments accounted for using equity method-credit	(563,019)	-	(4)%

Γ				Nature of	Intercompany transactions						
	No.	Name of company	Name of counter-party	relationship	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets			
	5	D-Link Europe	D-Link Deutschland	2	Investments accounted for using equity method	184,450	-	1%			

Note 1: Parties to the intercompany transactions are identified and numbered as follows:

1. "0" represents the Company.

2. Subsidiaries are numbered from "1".

Note 2: Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions are disclosed only for the amounts that exceed 1% of consolidated net operating revenues or total assets.

Note 3: Nature of relationship are listed as below:

No. 1 represents the transaction from parent company to subsidiary

No. 2 represents the transaction from subsidiary to parent company

No. 3 represents the transaction from subsidiary to subsidiary

Note 4: The transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Information on investees:

The following is the information on investees three months ended June 30, 2022 (excluding information on investees in Mainland China):

			Main	Original inves	tmont amount	Polo	nce as of June 30,	2022	Net income	Share of	
Name of			businesses and	June 30,	December 31,	Бага	Percentage of	2022	(losses)	profits/losses	
investor	Name of investee	Location	products	2022	2021	Shares	ownership	Carrying value	of investee	of investee	Note
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Systems	USA	Marketing and after-sales service in USA	1,625,875	1,625,875	47,295,007	98.44 %	1,340,997	5,377	5,070	100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link Holding.
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Canada	Canada	Marketing and after-sales service in Canada	216,354	216,354	5,736,000	100.00 %	245,056	(41,671)	(41,315)	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link International	Singapore	Global marketing, procurement and after- sale service	1,941,986	1,941,986	66,074,660	99.36 %	2,489,074	(264,151)	(153,316)	100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link Holding.Share of loss of investee includes the amounts of transations between affliated companies
D-Link Corporation	D-Link L.A.	Cayman Island	Marketing and after-sales service in Latin America	326,600	326,600	41,000	100.00 %	(607,409)	-	-	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Sudamerica	Chile	Marketing and after-sales service in Chile	6,512	6,512	199,999	100.00 %	12,798	657	657	100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link Holding
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Mexicana	Mexico	Marketing and after-sales service in Mexico	301,036	301,036	152,066	100.00 %	15,881	(173)	(173)	100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link Sudamerica.
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Brazil	Brazil	Marketing and after-sales service in Brazil	932,197	932,197	2,964,836,727	100.00 %	(117,808)	(5,299)	(5,257)	100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link Holding
D-Link Corporation	D-Link ME	UAE	Marketing and after-sales service in Middle East and Africa	71,484	71,484	5	83.33 %	958,906	94,962	91,689	100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link International
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Australia	Australia	Marketing and after-sales service in Australia and New Zealand	16,744	16,744	999,000	99.90 %	172,156	10,999	10,997	100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation and D- Link International
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Holding	B.V.I.	Investment company	2,242,837	2,242,837	68,062,500	100.00 %	1,718,549	(55,780)	(55,902)	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Deutschland	Germany	Marketing and after-sales service in Germany	120,050	120,050	(Note 2)	- %	120,050	4,925	-	100% shares owned by D- Link Corporation directly and indirectly. Share of profit of associates accounted for using equity method was recognized in D-Link Europe.
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Japan	Japan	Marketing and after-sales service in Japan	595,310	595,310	9,500	100.00 %	657,254	53,313	53,695	
D-Link Corporation	D-Link Investment	Singapore	Investment company	67,191	67,191	2,200,000	100.00 %	50,871	156,407	156,407	
D-Link Corporation	Yeotai	Taiwan	Investment company	146,000	146,000	14,600,000	100.00 %	48,216	394	394	
D-Link Corporation	Cameo	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sell computer networks system equipment and its components and related technology research and development	1,102,479	1,102,479	137,532,993	41.58 %	1,375,527	(34,827)	(21,617)	Share of loss of investee includes the amounts of transations between affliated companies.
D-Link Investment	D-Link Trade	Russia	Marketing and after sales service in Russia	66,538	66,538	- (Note 2)	100.00 %	131,536	156,423	156,423	

			Main		tment amount	Bala	nce as of June 30, 2	022	Net income	Share of	1
Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	businesses and products	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	Shares	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value	(losses) of investee	profits/losses of investee	Note
D-Link Trade	T-COM	Russia	Marketing and after sales service in Russia	12,485	12,485	- (Note 2)	40.00 %	4,929	(9,563)	(5,717))
D-Link International	D-Link Australia	Australia	Marketing and after sales service in Australia and New Zealand	22	22	1,000	0.10 %	20	10,999	-	D-Link Australia share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation
D-Link International	D-Link ME	UAE	Marketing and after sales service in Middle East and Africa	34,260	34,260	1	16.67 %	31,391	94,962	-	D-Link ME share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation
D-Link International	D-Link Korea	Korea	Marketing and after sales service in Korea	44,300	44,300	330,901	100.00 %	(38,439)	(7,248	(7,248)	
D-Link International	D-Link Trade M.	Republic of Moldova	Marketing and after sales service in Moldova	13	13	- (Note 2)	100.00 %	(350)	(158)	(158)	
D-Link		BVI	Investment company	789,757	789,757	25,000,000	100.00 %	742,909	(222,147	(222,147))
International D-Link	Investment D-Link Malaysia	Malaysia	Marketing and after sales	6,130	6,130	800,000	100.00 %	8,187	726	726	
International D-Link	D-Link Lithuania	Lithuania	service in Malaysia Marketing and after sales	3,574	3,574	1,000	100.00 %	4,179	356	356	
International D-Link Holding	D-Link Europe	UK.	service Marketing and after sales	971,293	971,293	32,497,455	100.00 %	1,052,097	(112,206	(112,206))
D-Link Holding	D-Link International	Singapore	service in Europe Global marketing, procurement and after sales service	8,466	8,466	425,340	0.64 %	(14,565)	(264,151) -	D-Link International share's loss recognized in D-Link Corporation
D-Link Holding	OOO D-Link Russia	Russia	After sales service in Russia	11,309	11,309	- (Note 2)	100.00 %	7,007	(27) (27)	
D-Link Holding	D-Link Mauritius	Mauritius	Investment company	186,789	186,789	200,000	100.00 %	978,221	58,502	58,502	
D-Link Holding	D-Link Shiang- Hai (Cayman)	Cayman Islands	Investment company	654,974	654,974	50,000	100.00 %	(547,704)	3,098	3,098	
D-Link Holding	D-Link Systems	USA	Marketing and after sales service in USA	49,320	49,320	750,000	1.56 %	44,589	5,377	-	D-Link Systems share's profit recognized in D-Link Corporation
D-Link Holding		BVI	Investment company	297,027	297,027	9,822	100.00 %	213,998	(4,810)	(4,810))
D-Link Holding D-Link Holding	MiiiCasa Holding_ D-Link Brazil	Cayman Island Brazil	Investment company Marketing and after sales service in Brazil	- 61,087	- 61,087	21,000,000	- %		(5,299)	-	D-Link Brazil share's loss recognized in D-Link
D-Link Holding	D-Link Sudamerica	Chile	Marketing and after sales service in Chile	-	-	1	- %	-	657	-	Corporation D-Link Sudamerica share's profit recognized in D-Link
D-Link Mauritius	D-Link India	India	Marketing and after sales service in India	340,319	340,319	18,114,663	51.02 %	959,587	115,022	58,684	Corporation
D-Link Mauritius	TeamF1 India	India	Technical services for software and hardware system integration	8	8	1	0.01 %	14	2,291	-	100% shares owned by D- Link Mauritius and D-Link India
D-Link India	TeamF1 India	India	Technical services for software and hardware system integration	84,114	84,114	10,499	99.99 %	122,970	2,291	2,291	100% shares owned by D- Link Mauritius and D-Link India
D-Link L.A	D-Link Peru S.A.	Peru	Marketing and after sales service in Peru		-	1	0.03 %	3	(430) -	D-Link Peru S.A. share's loss recognized in D-Link Sudamerica
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link de Colombia SAS.	Colombia	Marketing and after sales service in Colombia	22,213	22,213	1,443,605	100.00 %	5,626	(40)) (40)	
D-Link Sudamerica		Guatemala	Marketing and after sales service in Guatemala	410	410	99,000	99.00 %	551	-	-	In liquidation process.
D-Link Sudamerica		Peru	Marketing and after sales service in Peru	38	38	3,499	99.97 %	9,138	(430)) (430)	
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Mexicana	Mexico	Marketing and after sales service in Mexico	6	6	3	- %	6	(173) -	D-Link Mexicana share's loss recognized in D-Link Corporation
D-Link Sudamerica	D-Link Argentina S.A.	Argentina	Marketing and after sales service in Argentina	2,750	2,750	100	100.00 %	99	-	-	D-Link Argentina share's profit recognized in D-Link Sudamerica. In liquidation process
D-Link Europe	D-Link Deutschland	Germany	Marketing and after sales service in Germany	131,769	131,769	- (Note 2)	100.00 %	184,450	4,925	4,925	process
D-Link Europe	D-Link AB	Sweden	Marketing and after sales service in Sweden	9,022	9,022	15,500	100.00 %	15,889	770	770	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Iberia SL	Spain	Marketing and after sales service in Spain	1,976	1,976	50,000	100.00 %	61,517	4,072	4,072	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Mediterraneo SRL	Italy	Marketing and after sales service in Italy	2,177	2,177	50,000	100.00 %	18,317	1,632	1,632	
D-Link Europe		UK.	Investment company	-	-	3	100.00 %	8,836	-	-	
D-Link Europe	D-Link France SARL	France	Marketing and after sales service in France	5,287	5,287	114,560	100.00 %	39,008	1,401	1,401	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Netherlands	Netherlands	Marketing and after sales service in Netherlands	2,132	2,132	50,000	100.00 %	7,740	337	337	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Polska Sp Z.o.o.	Poland	Marketing and after sales service in Poland	1,210	1,210	100	100.00 %	23,596	1,538	1,538	
D-Link Europe	D-Link Magyarorszag	Hungary	Marketing and after sales service in Hungary	523	523	300	100.00 %	5,540	266	266	
D-Link Europe	D-Link s.r.o	Czech	Marketing and after sales service in Czech	329	329	100	100.00 %	3,842	201	201	

			Main	Original inves	tment amount	Bala	nce as of June 30, 2	2022	Net income	Share of	
Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	businesses and products	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	Shares	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value		profits/losses of investee	Note
D-Link (Holdings)Ltd	D-Link UK	UK	Marketing and after sales service in UK	-	-	300,100	100.00 %	8,836	-	-	
D-Link Mediterraneo SRL	D-Link ADRIA d.o.o.	Croatia	Marketing and after sales service in Croatia	326	326	(Note 2)	100.00 %	1,144	(4)	(4)	In liquidation process
D-Link ME	D Link Network	Republic of South Africa	Marketing and after sales service in South Africa	-	-	100	100.00 %	(136)	(302)	-	
Yeotai	Xtramus Technologies Co. Ltd.	Taiwan	Research, development, manufacturing and sell of testing equipment for network	38,110	38,110	1,832,446	41.18 %	4,694	1,077	344	

Note 1: Including recognition of profit (loss) from associates

Note 2: Limited Company

Note 3: The transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(c) Information on investment in Mainland China:

(i) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information:

										(In Thousar	nds of New T	aiwan Dollars)
	Main	Total		Accumulated outflow of investment	Investm	ent flows	Accumulated outflow of	Net				Accumulated
Name of	businesses and	amount of paid-in	Method of	from Taiwan as of			investment from Taiwan as of	income (losses)	Percentage of	Investment income	Book value	remittance of earnings in
investee	products			January 1, 2022	Outflow	Inflow	June 30, 2022	of the investee				current period
	Buy and sell of networking equipment and wireless system	579,657	2	579,657	-	-	579,657	(643)	100.00%	(643)	(563,019)	-
Netpro Trading	Research, development and trading business	20,808	2	19,396	-	-	19,396	3,741	100.00%	3,741	17,440	-
YouXiang	Technical Service and Import/Export trading business	63,009	3	-	-	-	-	-	9.86%	-	4,088	-

Note 1: Method of Investment:

Type 1: Direct investments in Mainland China

Type 2: Indirect investments in Mainland China

Type 3: Others

Note 2: The amounts in New Taiwan Dollars were translated at the exchange rates of USD 29.7260, CNY 4.4372 as of June 30, 2022.

(ii) Limitation on investment in Mainland China:

Company	Accumulated Investment in Mainland	Investment Amounts Authorized by	Upper Limit on Investment
Name	China as of June 30, 2022	Investment Commission, MOEA	
D-Link Corporation	599,053	599,053	Note

Note: Since the Company has obtained the Certificate of Headquarter Operation, there is no upper limitation on investment in Mainland China.

(iii) Significant transactions:

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, the significant inter-company transactions with the subsidiary in Mainland China, which were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in "Information on significant transactions".

(d) Major shareholders:

Shareholder's Name	Shares	Percentage
Sapido Technology Inc.	59,818,400	9.97 %
E-Top Metal CO., LTD.	30,297,189	5.05 %

(14) Segment information:

The Consolidated Company has three reportable segments: American markets, European markets, Asia markets and others. Those reportable segments are primarily operated in research, development and selling of computer network and equipments and wireless communication products.

The Consolidated Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer geographical products and services.

The income tax expenses are managed on a group basis, and operating segment profit (losses) is determined by the profit before taxation. The reportable amount is similar to the report used by the chief operating decision and make a performance evaluation.

The Consolidated Company's operating segment information and reconciliation were as follows:

For the three months ended June 30, 2022

	-	American markets	European markets	Asia markets and others	Adjustments and eliminations	Total
Revenue:						
Third-party customers	\$	280,260	1,170,212	2,706,529	-	4,157,001
Inter-company		8,102	10,721	802,727	(821,550)	-
Total revenue	<u>\$</u>	288,362	1,180,933	3,509,256	(821,550)	4,157,001
Reportable segment profit (loss)	\$	(19,254)	(24,951)	258,528	(78,248)	136,075

For the three months ended June 30, 2021

	American markets		European markets	Asia markets and others	Adjustments and eliminations	Total
Revenue:						
Third-party customers	\$	412,770	1,150,403	1,805,762	-	3,368,935
Inter-company		5,260	424	1,186,409	(1,192,093)	-
Total revenue	\$	418,030	1,150,827	2,992,171	(1,192,093)	3,368,935
Reportable segment profit (loss)	\$ <u></u>	12,139	(15,259)	(145,477)	(23,626)	(172,223)

(Continued)

	For the six months ended June 30, 2022							
	American markets		European markets	Asia markets and others	Adjustments and eliminations	Total		
Revenue:								
Third-party customers	\$	625,417	2,248,810	5,297,573	-	8,171,800		
Inter-company		14,749	15,903	1,540,414	(1,571,066)			
Total revenue	\$	640,166	2,264,713	6,837,987	(1,571,066)	8,171,800		
Reportable segment profit (loss)	\$ <u> </u>	(44,431)	(170,510)	79,222	112,061	(23,658)		

For the six months ended June 30, 2021

	American markets		European markets	Asia markets and others	Adjustments and eliminations	Total
Revenue:						
Third-party customers	\$	802,997	2,464,913	3,998,671	-	7,266,581
Inter-company		11,147	717	2,214,847	(2,226,711)	-
Total revenue	\$	814,144	2,465,630	6,213,518	(2,226,711)	7,266,581
Reportable segment profit (loss)	\$	(17,079)	26,102	289,925	(358,152)	(59,204)
	American markets		European markets	Asia markets and others	Adjustments and eliminations	Total
Reportable segment assets:						
June 30, 2022	\$	3,108,580	4,385,916	22,841,458	(15,031,915)	15,304,039
December 31, 2021	<u></u>	3,133,150	3,967,148	20,546,004	(13,142,438)	14,503,864
June 30, 2021	\$	2,329,008	4,751,941	20,605,970	(12,200,433)	15,486,486